

# The Stillwater Messenger.

A. J. VAN VORHES,  
Editor and Proprietor.

VOLUME 12.

"BE JUST AND FEAR NOT."

TERMS-\$2.00 A YEAR

Invariably in Advances.

STILLWATER, MINNESOTA, JANUARY 1, 1867.

NUMBER 17.

In accordance with a custom almost universal with daily and weekly papers—but not adopted heretofore by the *Minneapolis*—we will issue only an advertising sheet next week. We adopt this custom for the two-fold purpose of sparing the holidays and bringing up back work in our office.

**NEW YEAR BALL.**—The Marquade, by the Comet Band at the Sawyer House on New Year's night, promises to be one of the finest affairs of the kind ever made in this city. Every effort is being made to render it the *meilleur* of entertainments yet given.

**Costumes** can be had of Mr. Gross, of Saint Paul, who will be at the Sawyer House on the previous day. Spectators will be admitted for \$1.00 per couple.

**Gloria in EXCELSIS!**—Last Saturday, the 21st, was the snow-test day of the year. Glad to see it come; for during the past two months, in this high latitude, there has been, for only about two weeks by sunlight. Good time for the girls and boys to explode by spontaneous combustion.

**CARRIER'S ADDRESS.**—Our typographical spirit of evil expects to greet his friends on New Year morning. We bespeak for him a *bonne reception*.

**THE WINTER.**—While New Englanders have been freezing, Minnesotans have been regaling themselves in shirt-sleeves and open windows until quite recently. On Sunday, however, we had a fall of a few inches of snow, and the mercury started on a race and attained 9° below zero—the b. & s. she could do—since which time the weather has become mild. The change was sudden, and it made a demand for overcoats, to the intense gratification of dealers in store-clothes. Blessed are they who have hard wood and heater cans! The change reminds us of a passage from Cox's:

"Now stir the fire, and close the shutters fast;  
Let fall the curtains, when the sun is gone;  
And when the stars appear, let me sit down  
With a strong candle, and the cap  
Tucked under my chin, and wait on each  
Such as we come, peaceful, veining in."

## The Holidays.

Todays is the great Christian Sabbath. Let us, the prose-poets announced last Saturday, the year striped of beauty, barren and chilled, wrapped in a light mantle of snow, as in a shroud, is waiting for burial.

It is true that our divisions of time are arbitrary, and to-day marks us more clearly than another, yet custom makes us regard Christmas and New Years as exceptional days—days when we pause in the journey of life and review the past—and suddenly strive to pass into the future.

"It is well that 'Merry Christmas' and 'Happy New Year' look lightly from the frowning hills of youth, and come more surely from those whose youthful vigor thus has failed. It is well to pause in our travels, to scatter pleasure in the paths that lie around us, and especially consider whether we are treading.

Christmas is properly a day of gifts, to celebrate the growth of man. They are given to man—the advent of life some even bring life and immortality to light—gathered into one pregnant life all the divine precepts of philosopher and sage, and irradiated them with a majesty and beauty so true hitherto unknown—such saving are the recognized law of life, and whose relations give grand and dignified meaning to existence and throw the old light upon its mystic regions of the far Beyond.

It is fitting that we be hopeful; and on this day which marks a new era in the world—when first floated outward from a heavenly abode the blessed anoint of Jesus on earth and good will to men."

Let the man of toil, bowed down with the heavy load of his daily life, gather strength from thought of Him who was a man of sorrows and acquainted with grief—but the aim of thought, while daring spirits were to treat from its little effect, is to penetrate the mysteries of the infinite and eternal. Let us remember the great struggle of Him whose undenied spirit proved that the cup of bitterness might pass from Him.

Overall our joys and sorrows—over the trials they test, though that ends in the hopes that brighten—over ambition that vaunts over love unrevealed, over losses unfulfilled—over the darkness that surrounds a mortal death upon the weary heart, waiting calm and almost hopeless for the judgment-seat—over and over again, we are to regret, the hardness of the heart, and as over all the blight and brightness of our lives, let us, in the season of the year when the spirit sounds deepest, let us, by recalling all our past joys, draw the spirit of peace and comfort into our hearts.

Christmas is especially a day for the children!—New begotten joy, the range of life, unadorned innocence, irradiated by sin, whose bright eyes look as if the voice's kindly benediction were the only thing in the world;—and whose soft hands lead us to the pathway of our own joys, and have been happy with little gifts and tokens of the love of their parents.

—but on to go—so long to come, are much serious, and a greater effort to outdo a sister's charms.

Last evening—Christmas eve—tender, cold hearts were made mazy. Christmas trees were erected on Monday evening. A simple Church, and revering at the M. & P. Stage, the deholic, Second-class person, and Unitarian—all of them being successful. The early hour at which we go to press precludes the leisure of giving details of the festivities of last night.

To every reader of the *Minneapolis* and "the rest of mankind," we wish, A Happy Christmas and a Happy New Year.

## The Cause of Education.

APTOX, MINN., Dec. 21, 1867.

**Believe** that any cause can be assisted by letting all know what efforts some are making in its interest, I venture to give you the results of an effort to set in motion a project to erect a high school building, by means of which the youth of the country surrounding it may be taught higher branches of study which are desirable for a more finished education than can be obtained at our common schools; thereby keeping the youth and capital at home, rather than sending them into other towns and States—throwing dangers into the path of the former by being removed from the restraint of home influences, and losing the latter, partially, if not alto-

gether. **To-MORROW NIGHT.—POETICAL READINGS**—Mrs. Moffat's programme for to-morrow night is rich and varied—embracing some of the choicest gems in the English language. Our citizens should greet her with a full house. Home talent-like home industry—should be encouraged and fostered. Some people entertain the erroneous idea that excellence must be of foreign production—a *la blâche*. This is wrong. Go and hear one of our own citizens. You will be charmed by her modesty of pretensions, her sweetnes of voice, and her rare gifts in one of the noblest of the arts.

**Scene tickets at Lott & Crampton's Book Store.** Doors open at Myrtle street church at 8 o'clock tomorrow evening—exercised to commence at 7:15.

**A NEW WAY**—A new way of testing personal popularity has just been discovered. Jo. Staples, of this city, is one of the finest looking men in the State, and possesses winning ways. The uncle of his nephew, Mr. Jessie Staples, never permits a good thing to pass through his fingers, and discovering Joseph's precacity and desire to recognize the same in a tangible way, a few days ago presented Jo. with an elegant cutter, worth \$150. Joseph is not accustomed to spend-making—but assuming an attitude as orated, thus: "He, you are very kind! That's a nice cutter! I appreciate your generosity! I'll hold the string behind that vehicle!"

Now is the time to get your names worth,

JOS. DANIELS.

Dec. 18—4.

## GABRIEL, BLOW YOUR TRUMPET!

# THE MESSANGER.

"BE JUST AND FEAR NOT."

STILLWATER, MINNESOTA, JANUARY 1, 1867.

NUMBER 17.

TERMS-\$2.00 A YEAR

Invariably in Advances.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

"BE JUST AND FEAR NOT."

STILLWATER, MINNESOTA, JANUARY 1, 1867.

NUMBER 17.

TERMS-\$2.00 A YEAR

Invariably in Advances.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

"BE JUST AND FEAR NOT."

STILLWATER, MINNESOTA, JANUARY 1, 1867.

NUMBER 17.

TERMS-\$2.00 A YEAR

Invariably in Advances.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

"BE JUST AND FEAR NOT."

STILLWATER, MINNESOTA, JANUARY 1, 1867.

NUMBER 17.

TERMS-\$2.00 A YEAR

Invariably in Advances.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

"BE JUST AND FEAR NOT."

STILLWATER, MINNESOTA, JANUARY 1, 1867.

NUMBER 17.

TERMS-\$2.00 A YEAR

Invariably in Advances.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

"BE JUST AND FEAR NOT."

STILLWATER, MINNESOTA, JANUARY 1, 1867.

NUMBER 17.

TERMS-\$2.00 A YEAR

Invariably in Advances.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

"BE JUST AND FEAR NOT."

STILLWATER, MINNESOTA, JANUARY 1, 1867.

NUMBER 17.

TERMS-\$2.00 A YEAR

Invariably in Advances.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

"BE JUST AND FEAR NOT."

STILLWATER, MINNESOTA, JANUARY 1, 1867.

NUMBER 17.

TERMS-\$2.00 A YEAR

Invariably in Advances.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

"BE JUST AND FEAR NOT."

STILLWATER, MINNESOTA, JANUARY 1, 1867.

NUMBER 17.

TERMS-\$2.00 A YEAR

Invariably in Advances.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

"BE JUST AND FEAR NOT."

STILLWATER, MINNESOTA, JANUARY 1, 1867.

NUMBER 17.

TERMS-\$2.00 A YEAR

Invariably in Advances.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

"BE JUST AND FEAR NOT."

STILLWATER, MINNESOTA, JANUARY 1, 1867.

NUMBER 17.

TERMS-\$2.00 A YEAR

Invariably in Advances.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

"BE JUST AND FEAR NOT."

STILLWATER, MINNESOTA, JANUARY 1, 1867.

NUMBER 17.

TERMS-\$2.00 A YEAR

Invariably in Advances.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

"BE JUST AND FEAR NOT."

STILLWATER, MINNESOTA, JANUARY 1, 1867.

NUMBER 17.

TERMS-\$2.00 A YEAR

Invariably in Advances.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

"BE JUST AND FEAR NOT."

STILLWATER, MINNESOTA, JANUARY 1, 1867.

NUMBER 17.

TERMS-\$2.00 A YEAR

Invariably in Advances.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

"BE JUST AND FEAR NOT."

STILLWATER, MINNESOTA, JANUARY 1, 1867.

NUMBER 17.

TERMS-\$2.00 A YEAR

Invariably in Advances.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

"BE JUST AND FEAR NOT."

STILLWATER, MINNESOTA, JANUARY 1, 1867.

NUMBER 17.

TERMS-\$2.00 A YEAR

Invariably in Advances.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

"BE JUST AND FEAR NOT."

STILLWATER, MINNESOTA, JANUARY 1, 1867.

NUMBER 17.

TERMS-\$2.00 A YEAR

Invariably in Advances.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

"BE JUST AND FEAR NOT."

STILLWATER, MINNESOTA, JANUARY 1, 1867.

NUMBER 17.

TERMS-\$2.00 A YEAR

Invariably in Advances.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

"BE JUST AND FEAR NOT."

STILLWATER, MINNESOTA, JANUARY 1, 1867.

NUMBER 17.

TERMS-\$2.00 A YEAR

D. C. COOK & DEAF'S

BUSINESS CARDS.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK  
OF Stillwater.

CAPITAL \$100,000.00

CHARLES SCHUYLER President

J. H. HOPKINS Vice President

D. R. ELLIS Cashier

BOARD OF DISEASES

Lands Hospital Thompson's Charles S.

Dr. Hopper from D. R. Ellis

Dr. J. A. DOUGLASS

INSURANCE AGENT IN

STILLWATER, MINN.

Represents the following well known re

lible companies:

AMERICAN LIFE INSURANCE CO. 1000

SECURITY INS CO NEW YORK 1000

UNITED INS CO NEW YORK 1000

GEYER INS CO NEW YORK 1000

AMERICAN FIRE INS CO NEW YORK 1000

AMERICAN LIFE INSURANCE CO. 1000

AMERICAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF NEW YORK

AMERICAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF NEW YORK

RAFT PILOTS.

Will instruct you in all points of

rafting, and will give you

the best information on the subject.

John Morgan

At the

A. G. LULE,

101½ Washington Street

or at the

RAFT IN BUILDING, MAIN STREET

Stillwater, June 6, 1867.

PERRY & HIGGINS.

We have now ready

for sale

BOATS & SHIPS

NO. 221 THIRD STREET

and Blocks, in the above building, Main Street, Stillwater, Minn.

JOHN MORGAN.

At the

WORK.

At the





# The Stillwater Messenger.

A. J. VAN VORHES,  
Editor and Proprietor.

VOLUME 11.

STILLWATER MESSENGER.

Wednesday, January 2, 1867.

Lakeland Correspondence.

LAKELAND, Dec. 26, 1866.  
DEAR MESSENGER:—Permit your correspondent to enter your "sanctum" once more with a few cursory jottings of the city of his home.

Christmas was one of Minnesota's stormy days. Never did old Sol cover us with greater splendor than on the twenty-fifth of December. Not a cloud above, nor a flake of the pure white snow beneath. The lake is like a "sea of glass," affording a fine opportunity for the amusement of skaters, in the absence of snow and sleigh rides. Scores of the young may be seen on the Hudson side, enjoying the sport, and displaying their skill in the science; and others are slipping and sprawling about, determined to master the art, if some one gets a crack in the paté.

The citizens of this place had a good time on Monday night, with the Christmas Tree. The hall was crowded full—pressed, together and shaken down. Old and young, grave and gay, high and low, sire and son—all seemed to be there, and the noises, yelping, chattering, singing, whistling, talking, buzzing, humming, crying of babies, &c., were fully equal—and more too—to the expectation of the friends who originated the gathering. Your reporter being one of the favored few. But that tree—it was a fruitful, a prolific, a remarkably yielding one. It abounded with presents as various as the persons present, and much more numerous. We saw among other presents distributed, a small "Baby Whistle," given to a young gentle merchant, of about six feet six, (perhaps a little less,) who chanced to be in town on a visit, from his home in Lake City.

Some one, I noticed, had been importing niggers—little niggers. Several of these little innocents hung on the tree until taken down by the committee and passed over to owner according to label on the property. Some opened the case as quick as the package was given them, and shut it up full as quick.

Your reporter was one of the fortunate; his ticket just took one of these little fellows, and he has it now. He wishes he could send you a copy, but can't. Bill Travis is engaged in painting a drop-curtain for the Opera House, so it can't be done.

Burbank & Co. are running a fine set of stages from St. Paul to Lakeland and Huson. The accommodations are now good. Babcock's line is gone by, and we are glad of it.

The pastor of the Baptist church offers all good wishes to the person who left that fine, large, well-dressed turkey upon his table during the temporary absence of himself and lady. Others are also entitled to the thanks of the family for similar presents on Christmas. To-day the air is filled with frost and the wind blows keenly. Mercury two degrees above zero. There seems to be some inconvenience when the nasal organ is a little large, and a tinging about the ears.

C. ARAO.

State Agricultural Society—Annual Meeting.

The Annual Meeting of the State Agricultural Society will be held at the Capitol in St. Paul, on Wednesday, the 6th day of February at 10 o'clock A. M. Two delegates are allowed from each County Society. It is hoped that every County Society may be represented, (while an opportunity yet exists for organizations where there are none,) and an interest shown by different sections of the State that may tend to encourage the cause. All papers throughout the State are earnestly requested to publish this notice, and thereby serve the interests of the greater part of the community at large.

CHARLIE H. CLARKE, Sec'y.

Minneapolis, Dec. 28, 1866.

For YOUNG LADIES.—We invite the attention of the young ladies of our city who expect to draw one of Stanley's Raven & Bacon's 7/8 octave pianos, to the local notice of Mrs. Thorpe, who proposes giving lessons on that instrument and the guitar. Mrs. Thorpe is represented as an accomplished performer and instructor.

Carrier's Address, Jan. 1st, 1867.

## LOCAL NEWS.

POSTPONED.—The dance announced for to-morrow evening has been postponed until Thursday evening of next week, 10th inst.

TO-MORROW NIGHT.—Mr. Bronson will deliver a lecture to-morrow evening in Armory Hall on the following topics pertaining to music:

1st.—The Art of Reading Music.  
2d.—The Art of Controlling the Voice.  
3d.—The Art of Managing the Lungs, Wind-pipes, and Larynx while singing.

4th.—The Art of Managing the Mouth while singing.

5th.—The Art of Managing the Breath.

6th.—Emission of Tone.

7th.—Voices, their Different Classes.

8th.—Care of the Voice, together with seven rules which should be compiled with all singers.

9th.—The Art of performing Music Effectively.

10th.—Qualities of the Voice.

11th.—Employment of the Emotions.

12th.—The Art of Leading.

13th.—The Art of Teaching.

14th.—The Manner in which Church Music should be sung in Public Worship.

We trust this meeting will be fully attended, at which time additions to the class already organized will be admitted, or new classes formed.

## The Old and the New Year.

Like the old "Retired Physician," the sands of the year 1866 have just run out. For an hour we have been listening to the measured tick! tick! of the old clock, and just now the finger-hand on the dial-plane points to the hour of XII, and its tongue of steel is ringing out the solemn requiem of the departed year. Another leaf in the great book of time—a history freighted with joys and sorrows, successes and misfortunes, hopes and fears to all mankind—has just been folded down, bearing the finger-marks of us all, and a new page is opened to our vision. It is an hour for retrospective thought—an hour for future resolves. The past can never be recalled, but its experiences can be converted into unerring guide boards for the hidden Future. Good-bye, dear old '66—kindly greetings to thee, young, smiling '67!

Reader—we wish you a happy and prosperous NEW YEAR.

Stanley 2-ply Carpeting, \$2 50 per yard, at HERSEY, STAPLES & DOE'S.

CHRISTMAS.—It was reserved, by unavoidable circumstances, for Ascension Church and its friends to put the finishing touches upon the Christmas festivities in this on Friday evening last. The exercises took place in the school rooms of the Rector, in Mower's Block, and were attended by hundreds of citizens. The rooms were beautifully decorated, while the tables were freighted with almost everything that could dazzle the eye or tempt the appetite of the connoisseur. Scores of miniature trees—the festival being over—were shorn of their fruits, and sent hundreds of little hearts on their way rejoicing, not caring a fig whether Christmas eve occurred on the twenty-fourth or the twenty-eighth of December. Under the admirable executive tact of the Rector, Rev. Mr. Hills, and his efficient assistants, the occasion was made one of the most pleasant of the holiday season.

Extra 3-ply Carpeting, \$2 50 per yard, at HERSEY, STAPLES & DOE'S.

STANLEY'S GIFT SALE.—We presume that Stanley's Grand Gift Concert and Sale, advertised for some weeks past in these columns, came off at La Crosse on Monday evening according to programme; though nothing has been heard from it up to this writing. One hundred and forty-two tickets were sold in this city. We have a little stock in the institution, and are liable to be inflicted with the grand prize—"Bacon's Brick Block"—(not Brick Pomeroy!) and we wish to state in advance that if we are the unfortunate holder of the lucky ticket, we will not put on airs. We may feel inclined to purchase a new suit of "store clothes," but, as heretofore, we will permit our children to play with those of our neighbors, just as if we hadn't "struck it."

P. S. We learn by telegraph just as we go to press that the above drawing was postponed until the 28th day of February.

Simple and Fancy Groceries, cheap for cash, at HERSEY, STAPLES & DOE'S.

Ladies' and Gent's Arctic Over-Shoes, for sale cheap, at HERSEY, STAPLES & DOE'S.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

"BE JUST AND FEAR NOT."

STILLWATER, MINNESOTA, JANUARY 2, 1867.

TERMS \$2.00 A YEAR  
Invariably in Advance.

NUMBER 17.

## The Late Fire &c., Where to Find our old Friends.

## St. John's Day—Festival, &c.

The scene of the late fire gives that portion of our city a gloomy appearance, but with the bursting of the June roses we shall expect to see the ashes of the old Curtis square, Phoenix like, replaced with splendid blocks of stone and brick. The morning succeeding the fire lumber was on the ground and scores of mechanics engaged in erecting temporary buildings; but the city council arrested the work in anticipation of the passage of an ordinance prohibiting the erection of any more wooden structures within certain specified limits. This may seem hard upon those who have suffered so much by the recent fire, but the future prosperity of the city and our future safety demands such action by the city authorities.

We learn that Mr. Thalen will immediately commence the erection of a stone building, 50 feet front, to supply the place of the wooden structures destroyed on his premises. David Cover, Esq., we understand, will erect a similar building on his lots fronting on Main. Liberal offers have been made for other property on the burnt district, with a view to the erection of first class buildings, and from present appearances, before the tide of the next November the entire burnt district will be built up with a class of fire-proof structures that will prove a great benefit and an ornament to the city.

The sufferers by the fire bear their misfortunes with philosophical composure. Undiscouraged, most of them who could find business rooms, have again swung out their signs, and will be happy to see their friend at their new places.

Messrs. Robinson & Keefe can be found in the room formerly occupied by Crandall's Drug store, Nelson's block, where they have a fine stock of groceries, confectionaries, toys &c. John Morgan commenced dispensing oysters, pigs feet, birds and every thing in his line, in Dishi's new building near the Lake House, before the half dozen cases of oysters lost in the fire had become thoroughly roasted.

Thalen—the indomitable Thalen—has opened up temporarily near the foot of Chestnut street, where he will remain until he gets into his new building.

Cap. Weinschenk is doing the agreeable in the new auction rooms, two doors south of the St. Croix House. [By the way, we were no doubt in error in stating in our last, that the fire originated in Mr. Wein-schenk's building. It is now believed to have originated by a falling spark, or otherwise, between his building and that of Mrs. Curtis.]

Coon Drexler has located in the north room of the St. Croix House. Simpson & Cover have located their meat market in the rear end of the building occupied by Lieut. Bloomer—entrance from Myrtle street.

John Shaughnessy keeps on making boots and shoes to order in the Kattenburg building, a few doors north of the Lake House, just as if nothing had occurred. Give John a call.

Charles Reidie occupies a part of the same building, where he will sell the remnant of his groceries cheaper than ever.

We have been unable to learn the location of a number of other business men who were compelled to make a change of base.

ACCIDENT.—As Mr. and Mrs. David Cover and son, residing in Oak Park, were returning home from church in this city last Sunday, their team became frightened and runaway at a fearful speed. Mr. Cover was thrown from the buggy, receiving several bruises about the head, and was torn up in an insensible condition. Mrs. Cover and the little boy sprang from the buggy, but in doing so the lady came in contact with one of the wheels and received a severe fracture of one of her ankles. The boy escaped unharmed. The buggy was torn into a hundred fragments.

CAUTION.—Do not extinguish a coal oil lamp by blowing into the top of the chimney. A man in Peoria, Illinois, had his eyes blown out by an explosion resulting from such folly.

OUR SCHOOLS.—Our city schools, after a vacation of two weeks during the holidays, will re-open next Monday—teachers and pupils entering upon their duties with renewed vigor in consequence of a fortnight's relaxation from their arduous duties.

The London Times insisted during our late war that we ought to let the South go. We wonder that it does not now demand that England shall let Ireland go.

Oil Carpets \$1 HERSEY, STAPLES & DOE'S.

## The New Year

Passed off in our city very quietly, representing more nearly a Sabbath than a holiday. There were no public amusements, each one enjoying the day in their own way. A party of some forty young ladies and gentlemen went to Marine to enjoy a New Year dinner and dance in the evening, returning this morning. We understand they had a gay and festive time.

Margeson's Custom Made Boots, at HERSEY, STAPLES & DOE'S.

SECESSION.—Secede from every name and kind of slavery except the Best Chemical Saturation. This is the kind to use on every occasion, for it is always uniform and perfect, and always holds out weight.

Call at Hersey, Staples & Doe's and see their splendid stock of Dry Goods.

BEAT IT!—Last week Joseph Rock of this city, killed two bear, and seven deer, besides hooking three hundred trout and bagging one hundred pheasants. Mr. Rock's hunting ground was in the vicinity of Plum Creek, about fifteen miles from this city.—*Wabash Herald*.

Joseph must have "hooked" other game than trout. We don't want him in the vicinity of our henry.

Stanley Carpets at HERSEY, STAPLES & DOE'S.

MUSIC LESSONS—PIANO AND GUITAR.—Mrs. Sarah A. Thorpe, who has received instruction from the most accomplished teachers of Chicago and Milwaukee, is desirous of forming a class for instruction on the piano and guitar. Those wishing to become members of the class can consult her by calling at the residence of Mr. B. Illingworth.

17-2w.

Oil Tanned Moccasin Boots and Shoes, at HERSEY, STAPLES & DOE'S.

A GOOD TOWN TO GET AWAY FROM.—The St. Cloud Journal, one of our brightest exchanges, exhortates the citizens of that saintly city for inviting a first-class lecturer to make them a professional visit and then extending to him a "beggarly account of empty boxes." The journal says:

"We are compelled to believe and publish the fact that the average intellectual appreciation of the majority of the people of this town does not rise above a tenth-rate news-boy's theater, or the mediocre performances of a traveling harlequin. These are the facts, and if the statement seems strong, let the facts bear the quarrel."

Hemp Carpets 50 to 65 cents per yard, at HERSEY, STAPLES & DOE'S.

No Room for Him.

An ambitious young man of Saint Louis, resolving that "pent up" St. Louis should no longer "contract his powers," wrote to Horace Greeley, of the New York Tribune, for aid in securing a place in that city, where his ambition might have full scope. Greeley's reply may be of interest to others. It is as follows:

The St. Paul Press states that Benjamin Thompson, Esq., of that place, had received directions from the Indian Bureau to take to Washington twenty of the principal chiefs and braves of the Sisseton and Wampanoag bands of Sioux, for the purpose of making another treaty of peace. Mr. Thompson has started for Fort Washworth.

We have been unable to learn the location of a number of other business men who were compelled to make a change of base.

THE DEVIL GIVES THANKS!—The Typographical spirit of evil who has faithfully administered to the wants of our city patrons for years past in delivering the Messenger at their doors during sunshine and storm, desires to extend his grateful acknowledgements for the very kind manner in which he was received on New Year morning. He hopes they will all live a thousand years, at which time he will continue to serve them with the Messenger and his annual address.

The St. Paul Press states that Benjamin Thompson, Esq., of that place, had received directions from the Indian Bureau to take to Washington twenty of the principal chiefs and braves of the Sisseton and Wampanoag bands of Sioux, for the purpose of making another treaty of peace. Mr. Thompson has started for Fort Washworth.

We have been unable to learn the location of a number of other business men who were compelled to make a change of base.

ACCIDENT.—As Mr. and Mrs. David Cover and son, residing in Oak Park, were returning home from church in this city last Sunday, their team became frightened and runaway at a fearful speed. Mr. Cover was thrown from the buggy, receiving several bruises about the head, and was torn up in an insensible condition. Mrs. Cover and the little boy sprang from the buggy, but in doing so the lady came in contact with one of the wheels and received a severe fracture of one of her ankles. The boy escaped unharmed. The buggy was torn into a hundred fragments.

CAUTION.—Do not extinguish a coal oil lamp by blowing into the top of the chimney. A man in Peoria, Illinois, had his eyes blown out by an explosion resulting from such folly.

MINNESOTA VIEWS can be found at Sinclair & Brothers' Gallery, Main street, Stillwater. Oct. 17-1f.

STEREOSCOPIC INSTRUMENTS for sale by the same. Oct. 17-1f.

Oil Carpets \$1 HERSEY, STAPLES & DOE'S.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

## How the Last Austrian Officer Left Venice.

It was the last Austrian Governor of Venice, the last Gessler of his race, Gen. Allemann. The quay was thronged with people—girls, national guards, old men. They made a silent path through them to the water's edge, whence passed the Austrian, a bearded man of iron gray, full of those outward graces which are learned in his military school, a man who could command the execution of Kosssuth or Garibaldi with quiet dignity; and go to bed thereafter, without remorse. He and his troops, who had sailed away the night preceding, in the darkness and without observation, were all of the stolid graciousness which obeys orders, without passion, and executes injustice with the deportment of a dancing master. As his gondola passed off, he raised his hat. A silent waving of handkerchiefs from the quay gave him farewell. There was no regret in the soul of any man or woman thus saluting him, except the natural solemnity of this polite breaking of chains and the flush of freedom tempered for an instant with the sudden comprehension of its grave responsibility. His gondolier landed him, still waving his hand, upon the deck of an Austrian ship. One gun of adieu sounded over the lagoon, and Venice contained no soldier save her own, no law but the free behavior of her people, no flag, or any designation.

IN ABSENCE.

Watch her little man—  
With sweet protecting skies—  
Follow her with tender eyes—  
Look so lovingly that she—  
Cannot choose but think of me—  
Watch her kindly stars!

Soothie her sweetly, night—  
On her eyes, overwearied press—  
The tired lids with light caress;  
Let that sturdy hand of thine—  
Ever so drowsy set me—  
Soothie her sweetly, night!

#### Wheat Exports of Minnesota.

The Winona Republican has carefully compiled the statistics of the wheat crop of Minnesota for 1866, from which is given the following estimate of yield:

From the information we have been able to gather on this subject, we find that the yield of Minnesota for 1866 may be approximately stated at eight millions of bushels. Last year it was estimated at ten million bushels. Then there were 1,000,000 acres under cultivation, producing an average of twenty-four bushels to the acre. Estimating the increase in the acreage at 10 per cent., and the acreage yield this year at fifteen bushels per acre, we would have an aggregate yield of 7,600,000 bushels—or, making allowance for loss in transit, 7,000,000 bushels.

The view of the master is corroborated by the statistics already received from several important shipping points on the river above, and the figures shown in the report of the receipts last year compared with those of the year before. Assuming our estimate to be correct, the following table will show approximately the exports of wheat culture in this State for years of wheat culture:

Proportion of wheat harvested in weeks.

1864—124,738 bushels, 45 weeks.  
1865—135,162 bushels, 38 weeks.  
1866—400,000 bushels, 60 weeks.  
1867—500,000 bushels, 67 weeks.

The falling off in the yield of the present year, however, must be attributed to the persons who are fully aware that the season in all respects has been an exceptionally one, and that a better system of tillage, which they have already adopted, will relieve the evils.

It appears that Winona is the greatest grain market in the State, the shipments from this place in 1866, amounting to three million two hundred and eighty-two thousand, four hundred and eighty-two bushels.

#### Routine Appointments.

The New York Tribune prints a list of 215 new appointments of Assessors and Collectors of Internal Revenue, with the dates of their appointment. Those from this State are:

Congressman D. Cameron, First District, August 26; C. W. Nash, Second District, December 1.

Assessor W. M. McEwan (?) First District, August 2; Geo. W. Hobbs, Second District, November 13.

In regard to the confirmation of appointments, the Tribune says:

The Senate in Executive Session, have agreed not to take up these cases till after the holidays are over; and it has also been agreed that no nomination be made until the cases are examined, and no nomination confirmed when the nominee is unfit for the office, or has been opposed to his country in his great hour of danger.

The Conviction of a Relative of Gen. Washington.

It has already been mentioned that H. Lewis had been convicted in King George county, Va., of malfeasance, for killing Dr. Ross, and sentenced to the Penitentiary for three years and six months. A correspondent of the Richmond Dispatch writes:

The jury promptly recommended Lewis to Executive clemency. The unfortunate Lewis of Dr. Ross's case occurred during the war, Lewis, as he now well remembers, is not guilty of the crime of killing Dr. Ross. He is a grand nephew. He and Dr. Ross had a personal difficulty from some cause or other, and became estranged. Lewis was a soldier, and agreed to meet him at the appointed time, and at the unfortunate event was both of high standing and their word was one of great bitterness.

The Tennessee House of Representatives passed, on the 10th instant, the Senate bill loaning State bonds to the following railroads: Memphis & Ohio, \$200,000; Mississippi & Tennessee, \$150,000; Knoxville & Charleston, \$300,000; Cincinnati, Cumberland Gap & Charleston, \$300,000; East Tennessee & Virginia, \$300,000; Knoxville & Kentucky, \$300,000; Nashville & Northwestern, \$200,000; Winchester & Alabama, \$150,000. The bill goes to the Senate for concurrence in an amendment appropriating \$150,000 to the East Tennessee & Western North Carolina, and \$100,000 to the Atlantic, Tennessee & Pacific Railroad, in which the Senate will doubtless concur. The aggregate sum thus loaned is \$2,500,000.

#### In Trouble.

It seems that Fisk, (a brother of the Captain,) editor of the Helena, Montana, Herald, has gotten into trouble. In the first issue of his paper was an article which a lady of the place considered personally offensive. What followed is thus given by the Montana Post:

On Saturday afternoon Mr. and Mrs. Calahan and Mr. Harmon called at the Herald office and presented a written apology to the editor and publisher, and when asked if it was the next issue of his paper, and upon his refusal Calahan attacked him and was knocked at the door, and when he was outside, Fisk and was forced back by Fisk's friends, and was arrested and placed in prison. Shortly afterward he was released by the Federal Army. After he was released he was arrested again, and when he was brought before the court he was told that a trial could not be had in King George, the venue in his case was changed to Caroline, and he was released. However, he consented to change back to King George. As I understand the case he has done no more than sue for damages in recovering his money. The unfortunate event was both of high standing and their word was one of great bitterness.

#### No Bankrupt.

A bankrupt merchant returning home one night, said to his noble son: "I have lost everything we have in the hands of the devil."

After a few moments of silence the wife looked calmly into his face and said:

"Will the sheriff sell you? Oh, no! Will the sheriff sell the children? Oh, no!

Then do not say we have lost everything. All that is most valuable remains to us—manhood, womanhood, childhood. We have lost but the results of our skill and industry. We can make another fortune if our hearts and hands are left us."

#### BISHOP WHIPPLE.

The Appointments for his Winter Visitation.

FARIBAULT, Dec. 20, 1866.

DEAR BRETHREN:

I send you the list of appointments for my next visitation:

JANUARY.

Sunday, 6, Winona..... 10½ v. M.

Sunday, 6, Minnesota City..... 2 v. M.

Sunday, 6, St. Peter..... 7 v. M.

Monday, 7, L. C. Lanesville..... 1 v. M.

Tuesday, 8, Caledonia..... 1 v. M.

Wednesday, 9, Chaska..... 1 v. M.

Thursday, 10, Lake City..... 1 v. M.

Friday, 11, Le Sueur..... 7 v. M.

Saturday, 12, Mendota..... 10½ v. M.

Sunday, 13, Watonwan..... 7 v. M.

Monday, 14, Plainview..... 1 v. M.

Tuesday, 15, Lydia City, Conover's..... 10 v. M.

Wednesday, 16, Ortonia..... 11 v. M.

Thursday, 17, Red Wing..... 1 v. M.

Friday, 18, Weatherford Prairie..... 1 v. M.

Saturday, 19, Belts Creek..... 1 v. M.

Sunday, 20, Montevideo..... 1 v. M.

Monday, 21, Marquette..... 10 v. M.

Tuesday, 22, Faribault..... 10½ v. M.

Wednesday, 23, Orange..... 11 v. M.

Thursday, 24, Kasson..... 7 v. M.

Friday, 25, Faribault..... 10½ v. M.

Saturday, 26, Renville Lake..... 2 v. M.

February.

Sunday, 3, Faribault..... 10½ v. M.

Monday, 4, Conover's, Hastings..... 2 v. M.

Tuesday, 5, L. C. Lanesville..... 10½ v. M.

Wednesday, 6, Point Douglas..... 3 v. M.

Thursday, 7, Faribault..... 10½ v. M.

Friday, 8, Morrisonville..... 2 v. M.

Saturday, 9, Owatonna..... 7 v. M.

Sunday, 10, Mankato..... 10½ v. M.

Monday, 11, St. Peter..... 7 v. M.

Tuesday, 12, Rochester..... 10 v. M.

Wednesday, 13, Winona, Ch. N. Central..... 10 v. M.

Thursday, 14, Chaska..... 7 v. M.

Friday, 15, Faribault..... 10½ v. M.

Saturday, 16, Prairieville..... 2 v. M.

Sunday, 17, Faribault..... 10½ v. M.

March.

Sunday, 18, Faribault..... 10½ v. M.

Monday, 19, Canyon City..... 2 v. M.

Tuesday, 20, Winona, Ch. N. Central..... 10 v. M.

Wednesday, 21, Rochester..... 7 v. M.

Thursday, 22, Excelsior..... 10½ v. M.

Friday, 23, Minneapolis..... 10½ v. M.

Saturday, 24, St. Paul..... 2 v. M.

Sunday, 25, St. Anthony..... 10½ v. M.

April.

Sunday, 26, Faribault..... 10½ v. M.

Monday, 27, Walcott..... 3 v. M.

Tuesday, 28, St. Paul..... 10½ v. M.

Wednesday, 29, Stillwater..... 10 v. M.

Thursday, 30, Stillwater..... 10 v. M.

Friday, 31, Faribault..... 10½ v. M.

Saturday, 1, Prairieville..... 2 v. M.

Sunday, 2, College, Conformation..... 10½ v. M.

are allowed to wait some moments in cold rooms, especially in vocal music, go out into a damp, raw wind.

Clergymen and other public speakers have often been prematurely laid aside by being compelled, after speaking, to ride several miles on horseback against a cold wind.

An attack of pneumonia is often occasioned by getting into a public vehicle after having been excited by walking, and being compelled to sit in the draft of an open window, which some selfish, inconsiderate clown had raised for his own comfort, regardless of any consequences to others.

Remains at rest in any position until a feather bed is introduced, is sufficient to bring on an attack of inflammation of the lungs, however vigorous and robust the person may feel.

Setting still with damp feet, standing on the wet grass, keeping on damp clothes after having been engaged in exercise, are frequent causes of lung fever. One great principle, practical, is natural, easily understood, underlies all these cases. It is the getting chilled.

This is the more easily brought about in proportion to the amount of exposure which was previously taken to the extent of inducing a warmth of body above what is natural;

—The business portion of Newark, Me., was destroyed by fire on Sunday.

—A special Washington dispatch to the Commercial Advertiser says: "A suit has been filed in the United States Court of Appeals against a gold mining company in New York city. The company over-issued its stock to the amount of \$60,000, and the result was that Mr. H. took a large sum of drawings to entitle him to the payment of his salary, but his reason was lost. He was a raving maniac, and was held up with books, and covered with dust and cobwebs."

—Mr. Harriet was president of a gold

mining company in New York city. The company over-issued its stock to the amount of \$60,000, and the result was that Mr. H. took a large sum of drawings to entitle him to the payment of his salary, but his reason was lost. He was a raving maniac, and was held up with books, and covered with dust and cobwebs."

—A special Washington dispatch to the Commercial Advertiser says: "A suit has been filed in the United States Court of Appeals against a gold mining company in New York city. The company over-issued its stock to the amount of \$60,000, and the result was that Mr. H. took a large sum of drawings to entitle him to the payment of his salary, but his reason was lost. He was a raving maniac, and was held up with books, and covered with dust and cobwebs."

—Mr. Harriet was president of a gold

mining company in New York city. The company over-issued its stock to the amount of \$60,000, and the result was that Mr. H. took a large sum of drawings to entitle him to the payment of his salary, but his reason was lost. He was a raving maniac, and was held up with books, and covered with dust and cobwebs."

—Mr. Harriet was president of a gold

mining company in New York city. The company over-issued its stock to the amount of \$60,000, and the result was that Mr. H. took a large sum of drawings to entitle him to the payment of his salary, but his reason was lost. He was a raving maniac, and was held up with books, and covered with dust and cobwebs."

—Mr. Harriet was president of a gold

mining company in New York city. The company over-issued its stock to the amount of \$60,000, and the result was that Mr. H. took a large sum of drawings to entitle him to the payment of his salary, but his reason was lost. He was a raving maniac, and was held up with books, and covered with dust and cobwebs."

—Mr. Harriet was president of a gold

mining company in New York city. The company over-issued its stock to the amount of \$60,000, and the result was that Mr. H. took a large sum of drawings to entitle him to the payment of his salary, but his reason was lost. He was a raving maniac, and was held up with books, and covered with dust and cobwebs."

—Mr. Harriet was president of a gold

mining company in New York city. The company over-issued its stock to the amount of \$60,000, and the result was that Mr. H. took a large sum of drawings to entitle him to the payment of his salary, but his reason was lost. He was a raving maniac, and was held up with books, and covered with dust and cobwebs."

—Mr. Harriet was president of a gold

mining company in New York city. The company over-issued its stock to the amount of \$60,000, and the result was that Mr. H. took a large sum of drawings to entitle him to the payment of his salary, but his reason was lost. He was a raving maniac, and was held up with books, and covered with dust and cobwebs."

—Mr. Harriet was president of a gold

mining company in New York city. The company over-issued its stock to the amount of \$60,000, and the result was that Mr. H. took a large sum of drawings to entitle him to the payment of his salary, but his reason was lost. He was a raving maniac, and was held up with books, and covered with dust and cobwebs."

—Mr. Harriet was president of a gold

mining company in New York city. The company over-issued its stock to the amount of \$60,000, and the result was that Mr. H. took a large sum of drawings to entitle him to the payment of his salary, but his reason was lost. He was a raving maniac, and was held up with books, and covered with dust and cobwebs."

—Mr. Harriet was president of a gold

mining company in New York city. The company over-issued its stock to the amount of \$60,000, and the result was that Mr. H. took a large sum of drawings to entitle him to the payment of his salary, but his reason was lost. He was a raving maniac, and was held up with books, and covered with dust and cobwebs."

—Mr. Harriet was president of a gold

mining company in New York city. The company over-issued its stock to the amount of \$60,000, and the result was that Mr. H. took a large sum of drawings to entitle him to the payment of his salary, but his reason was lost. He was a raving maniac, and was held up with books, and covered with dust and cobwebs."

—Mr. Harriet was president of a gold

mining company in New York city. The company over-issued its stock to the amount of \$60,000, and the result was that Mr. H. took a large sum of drawings to entitle him to the payment of

**VICKSBURG.**  
A Terrible Conflagration—One Hundred Buildings Burned—Thirty-Eight Large Brick Stores—Loss About Five Millions.

MILWAUKEE, Dec. 26.—

VICKSBURG, Dec. 24.—A terrible conflagration broke out in Morris' block, corner of Clay street and front levee, at 8 o'clock last night which destroyed the entire block of thirty houses, three of which belong to the French, Mulberry and Crawford streets. The entire block of 25 houses was destroyed, then east of Mulberry street, between Crawford and Clay streets, to Washington street, 13 houses; thence to the corner of Washington and Crawford streets, 4 three-story brick stores; then spread to the corner of Mulberry and Crawford streets, burning 10 houses, besides shanties, &c., in all about 100 buildings, of which 35 were large brick stores.

Two white children and four negroes perished in the flames. Six negroes were killed by the accident, and one hundred families rendered homeless.

The origin of the fire was the result of carelessness in Moyers' hall in the building. The streets were crowded with goods and debris.

The greatest credit is due Gens. Wood and Dudley and their men for their superhuman exertions to subdue the flames and prevent pilage. Fifteen or six dwellings were blown up to arrest the progress of the flames.

The theatre building, cathedral, city banks and telegraph office escaped, the former badly damaged. The houses were illuminated for miles. The total loss is roughly estimated at two million dollars. About one thousand persons were homeless.

The following is a partial list of the sufferers: E. D. Wadsworth, stores and hollowware; James Sivinski, fruit dealer; F. M. Bradley, watch maker; J. C. Key's & Co., clothing; Marshall & Hobart, dry goods; C. Sweet, hardware and crockery, who also lost a fine two story dwelling; Smith & Parsons, wholesale dry goods and groceries; G. H. Young & Co., wholesale grocer; Washington Hall building; Cowan & Horning, groceries; Elliot Ringius & Co., dry goods; Rothschild & Frisbie, anchor room; W. H. Passmore & Co.; John G. Tolson & Co., furniture dealers; S. Rothschild, dry goods; H. B. Brucer, turner; A. L. Jaquith, Johnson & Tomkins, W. H. Hartman and numerous others of less importance.

The fire raged till daylight. Phoenix Fire Company No. 2 lost their engine. Father participated to the right.

#### DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN MILWAUKEE.

MILWAUKEE, Dec. 28.—A destructive fire broke out in the Eagle Works, corner of 2d and Fowler streets, at about five o'clock this morning, destroying the entire concern, consisting of a foundry, machine shops, wagon, paint and blacksmith shop, with their entire contents, consisting of engines, machinery, tools and stock. The repair shop for the Mississippi car works, the Railroad House and stable, and a number of smaller shanties were also destroyed.

Johnson & Co.'s lumber yard was partially burned.

The enter loss, \$50,000, is as follows: D. M. Misner, foundry, \$25,000; insured for \$8,000; J. W. E. Goodwin, tools, \$3,000; J. M. Stowell, portable engines, \$1,000, insured; McBeth & Richardson, loss in machine shop, \$5,000, insured for \$1,000; Milwaukee & Prairie du Chien Railroad, \$2,000; Johnson & Co., lumber, \$5,000.

A large hotel is talked of, to be called the Milwaukee House, to be finished the coming year. Some of our wealthiest citizens have the matter in hand and will put it through.

#### STEAMER BURNED—TWENTY LIVES LOST.

VICKSBURG, Dec. 28.—The steamer Fashion was burned that evening twelve miles below here. Twenty lives were lost. Officers saved. Cargo—200 bales of cotton—lost.

#### WASHINGTON.

The President's Confidence in His Party—Presentation of the New French Minister—Virginia and the Amendments—Pardons—Supreme Court—Civil Rights Law to be Testied.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—The President yesterday, in conversation with a friend, expressed his satisfaction with the progress of his restoration policy. He also took occasion to condemn the project agitated in Congress to tax the overvalued of the present. Still, however, the Senate voted yesterday that it would release those State governments from the payment of their State debts and limit the amount of the same.

The Secretary of State to-day introduced to the President Monsieur Berthony, the new French Minister, who was accompanied by M. Berthony said: "Mr. President: I have the honor to place in your hands letters which contain the names of my friends and relatives in France. In confiding to me the mission to represent him here, you, my sovereign people, have given me the highest proof of your value he attaches to the relations of friendship which exist between France and the United States and to maintain these relations, and to keep up the friendly correspondence of the developments of interests common to the two countries, will be the constant aim of my efforts." And he added: "I am sure, Mr. President, the government and people of the United States share in these sentiments of which I am sure to this place the sincere expression."

The President replied: "Mr. Berthony, Sir: Grateful affection towards the French nation animates the earliest, the most profound, and the most lasting impression of my mind of the government of the United States. We constantly try to believe that no interests of either country ever require us to sacrifice our independence, while with the commercial intercourse to bind them together, as you justly observed, they have at the same time a common interest in the promotion of civilization and humanity throughout the world. In expressing these feelings I am only repeating what has been uniformly said by the United States."

We have had much reason to be pleased with the conduct of your predecessor, Monsieur De Monthoux. Be assured, Monsieur Berthony, that consideration of your conduct will be consulted which will tend to make the performance of your duties agreeable and pleasant.

Now Mr. Berthony, Senator elect from Virginia,

has just returned from Richmond and agrees that the Legislature is prepared to adopt the constitutional amendment if Congress will give assurance that this is the ultimatum, and that the Southern representatives will therefore be admitted without delay.

Warrants for the pardon of the following persons under the terms of the exception, were issued by order of the President: W. D. Reed of Ky.; Richard S. Wallace, nephew of the Mayor of Washington, Andrew A. Atkinson, of Ark., and Abraham Lincoln of Va.

Also, on the recommendation of the Attorney General, pardoned Michael Connor, who was condemned to public works in the Northern District of Ohio, and sentenced to life's imprisonment.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The dispatch which was copied from Atlanta yesterday, was undoubtedly from Atlanta. It states that Seward's dispatch of the 22d ult. was never received by the Postmaster General, and that since then no news is apparent when it is stated that the above dispatch was received, and Secretary Seward gave an answer on the subject to the Postmaster General.

Baltimore, Dec. 28.—Morning 15 above, wind and fine snow. Dispatches from Albany last night state that there was a severe snow storm there. All the railroad trains were more or less behind time, and the drifts unusually heavy. It is the severest storm experienced for many years.

Brownsville, Dec. 28.—The dispatch which was copied from Atlanta yesterday, was undoubtedly from Atlanta. It states that Seward's dispatch of the 22d ult. was never received by the Postmaster General, and that since then no news is apparent when it is stated that the above dispatch was received, and Secretary Seward gave an answer on the subject to the Postmaster General.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 28.—The storm of yesterday continues in full vigor. There are now 15 above, wind and fine snow. Dispatches from Albany last night were abandoned at Buffalo. The passenger train east, west, north and south left here this morning on time. There is not much snow.

The storm yesterday and last night was very severe. Considerable damage was done to shipping, and some buildings, especially of the citizens, were ruined. The action of the Executive will be invoked to order the release of persons confined by military authority.

Washington, Dec. 28.—It is rumored that John Sliger, Butcher and Alex. Jacob have joined a band of rebels organized by Virginia upon the Carolinas plan.

Washington, Dec. 28.—(Continued) A report of Justice Grinnell, who is to deliver the opinion of the Supreme Court in the test case, it is now believed, will be delivered on Tuesday of next week. The opinion may not be expected until Monday of the following week.

No decision has yet been given in the application for a writ of habeas corpus in the case of Dr. M. D. McMurtry, who is held in custody in the Federal prison at Leavenworth, Kansas.

General Sherman called the special attention of the Congressional Committee to the treatment of Federal officers and Freedmen's agents by the Illinois Prairie as follows:

"I found out, two years ago, in my trip across those prairies, that if the nation's brain is in the test case, it is not in New York or Boston. Family names count for precious little in the West. He must be told from an Eastern woman, she may be excellent and admirable, but she is not the best the West can produce. I say this with downright positiveness. The true Western woman, though perhaps born at the East, would not give a sixpence for the thought of being sent to Boston street, Boston or Fifth avenue. New York. Moreover, I venture the prediction that the first State in the Union to acknowledge the political equality of men and women, as citizens entitled each alike to the citizen's franchise, is a State west of the Mississippi. I mean Iowa. Let the golden day speed swiftly, for I want Taylor to be elected, and I want him to be elected."

A man's Eastern civilization counts for

LAWRENCE, Dec. 28.—The storm of yesterday continues in full vigor. There are now 15 above, wind and fine snow. Dispatches from Albany last night were abandoned at Buffalo. The passenger train east, west, north and south left here this morning on time. There is not much snow.

The storm yesterday and last night was

very severe. Considerable damage was done to shipping, and some buildings, especially of the citizens, were ruined. The action of the Executive will be invoked to order the release of persons confined by military authority.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The Department of State received a communication from the Secretary of State, in which he advised that the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

A general order was issued by the Department, commanding the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department knows nothing of the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

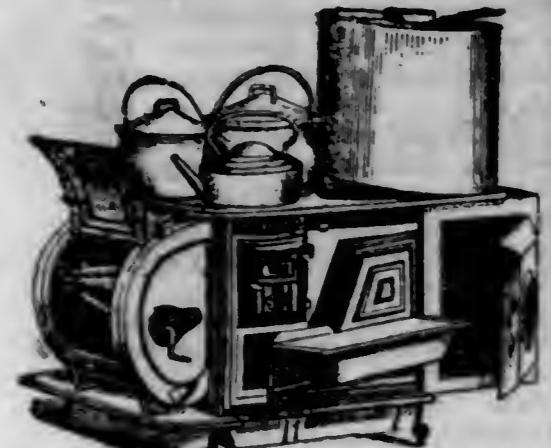
Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter Brown, is starting with a sufficient force.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The State Department, however, has no information concerning the recent grant of Lower California to a company of Americans, and the same to Peter

## FOUND!



GREAT EXCITEMENT.

A

majority of those who read newspapers never even think of a business advertisement, and if a

## MAN

actually has the best, the cheapest goods in all creation — actually selling them at Break-down prices—too few heed the fact for their own interest; and therefore I have

## FOUND

it best to simply invite everybody to call and examine my extensive stock of STOVES AND HOUSE-KEEPING ARTICLES,

before buying one dollar's worth elsewhere, for I can and will make it to the interest of all those who are not positively

## DEAD

to their own interests, and who wish to save money, to buy everything

## IN

the line of Cook, Parlor and Office Stoves, Tin, Copper and Brass Ware, House Keeping Goods, Toys, Boys' Sleighs TIN OR PLASTIC ROOFING, Plumbing, repairing Lumbermen's Outfits, &c., to call on

W. M. CAPRON,

In Mowers' Building, Chestnut st., in STILLWATER.

Nov. 21, 1866—n11

**A. B. EASTON,**  
NOTARY PUBLIC.  
At the Notary Office, Stillwater.

**HOLLIS R. MURDOCK,**  
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW  
and General Agent, Stillwater, Minnesota  
Stillwater, April 30, 1861.

**GREAT FALL**  
—IN—  
**PRICES.**

HEAVY SHEETINGS, 25 Cents.

BEST CALICOES, 20 Cents.

BEST DELAINES, 28 Cents.

BEST DOUBLE FACED FRENCH

MERINO, only \$1.50.

AND EVERY THING ELSE IN PROPORTION.

—AT—

**WEBSTER,  
SCHOOLMAKER  
& VALENTINE'S.**

Dec. 5, 1866.

**H. HOWARD'S NEW SPORTING RIFLE**  
AND SHOT GUN.  
(AGENT'S CERTIFICATE.)

This certifies that we have this day appointed Mr. A. VAN VORNES our only authorized Agent for the sale of the  
HOWARD'S SPORTING RIFLE AND SHOT GUN,  
with full power to appoint Sub-Agents.

JAMES A. ALLEY & CO.

St. Paul, Minn., June 20, 1866.

**C. CASTLE & CAMERON,**  
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,  
STILLWATER — MINNESOTA.

Selections made and the business of a general agency promptly attended to.

OFFICE IN HOLCOMBE'S BLOCK.

**S. STRAYED.**  
TWO COLTS.

One a BROWN MARE, without white, three years old, good size, long legs, slim body, long neck, prominent hips, very fine limbs, small black hoofs.

The other a ROAN MARE, two years old, three white legs, white face, light colored mane and tail, short legs, good body.

A reward of \$100 will be given for each fully recovered if sent to me, care of John S. Prince, or to A. Nessell or Wm. Altenberg, Cottage Grove—or if the animals are returned to either named, a suitable reward will be paid

G. A. B. SHAW.

Saint Paul, Minn., Nov. 30, 1866.—13.3w.

**A. YEAR** made by any one

**\$2,000** with \$15. The Presidents, Cashiers and Treasurers of 3 Banks endorse the circular. Sent free with samples. Address the American Steel Tool Works, Springfield, Vermont.—13.3w.

## NEW STORE, New Goods FOR THE NEW YEAR.

**NEW GROCERY STORE.**  
I take this method of informing my friends and the public generally, that I have purchased the entire

Stock of Groceries, from the firm of Webster, Schoolmaker & Valentine, at the

CORNER OF MAIN AND MYRTLE STREETS,

STILLWATER, MINN., (Bronson's old stand.)

Where I will keep constantly on hand a full and good assortment of

Coffee, Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Syrup,

Cider Vinegar, best quality,

New Raisins, very superior,

Yeast Powder, Soda, Corn-Starch,

Tobacco, smoking and chewing, Starch, &c.

**ALSO CROCKERY WARE.**

Wash-tubs, Wash-boards, Clothes-Baskets,

Wooden Pails, Churns, and all other

articles usually kept in a

First-Class Grocery Store.

Our friends and the public generally are invited to call and examine the stock of Groceries, which will sell as cheap for cash as they can be purchased anywhere.

**SAMUEL BLOOMER.**

Stillwater, Dec. 10, 1866.—13.3w.

WE have just opened our **NEW STORE**, on Chestnut, three doors above Main street, where we intend to sell at the lowest market price. We keep constantly on hand the

**CHOICEST AND BEST STOCK**

**OF GOODS IN MARKET.**

If you want a **GOOD DISH OF OYSTERS** this is the place to get them. Candies and Fruits of all kinds; Tobaccos and Oils of the choicest brands.

**TEA, SUGAR AND COFFEE,** Of the best quality!

**Toys and Confectionery.**

**Soda, Saleratus,**

**Hops, Yeast Powders,**

**Corn Starch, Starch,**

**Sardines, Cavi Oysters,**

**Soup of all kinds,**

**Fresh Pickles,**

**Tomato Cutups,**

**Canned Tomatoes,**

**Pepper-sauce,**

**London Club Sauce,**

**French Mustard,**

**Cream Tartar,**

**Soda Crackers,**

**Butter Crackers,**

**Sweet Crackers,**

**Raisins, Citron,**

**Dried currants,**

**Prunes, Jellies,**

**Teas,**

**Market Baskets,**

**Sugar Tubs,**

**Mackerel,**

**Herring,**

**Scrub Brushes,**

**Boat Brushes,**

**Spices, all kinds,**

**Cheese and Butter, best quality.**

We offer the above articles at the lowest market price!

**ROBINSON & KEEFE.**

Stillwater, Dec. 4, 1866.—13.3w.

**FIRST NATIONAL BANK**  
OF STILLWATER.

**CAPITAL** • \$50,000.00.

**CHARLES SCHEFFER** — President.

**L. HOSPEL** — Vice-President.

**O. R. ELLIS** — Cashier.

**BOARD OF DIRECTORS:**

Louis Hospe, J. E. Thompson, Charles Schef-

fer, Horace Thompson, O. R. Ellis.

**REAL ESTATE AGENCY.**

E. G. BUTTS & CO., REAL ESTATE

AGENTS, STILLWATER, MINN.

Will buy and sell real estate, pay taxes for non-residents, and attend promptly to all mat-

ters connected with a general real estate busi-

ness. Terms moderate. Office, Main street,

near Myrtle. June 6, 1866—3w.

**A. C. LULL,**

**REAL ESTATE AGENT AND NOTARY**

**PUBLIC.**

Also Agent for the Florence Sewing Machine.

**OFFICE IN FIRST NATIONAL BANK**

**BUILDING, MAIN STREET.**

Stillwater, June 6, 1866—4w.

**A. C. LULL,**

**REAL ESTATE AGENT AND NOTARY**

**PUBLIC.**

Also Agent for the Florence Sewing Machine.

**OFFICE IN FIRST NATIONAL BANK**

**BUILDING, MAIN STREET.**

Stillwater, June 6, 1866—4w.

**A. C. LULL,**

**REAL ESTATE AGENT AND NOTARY**

**PUBLIC.**

Also Agent for the Florence Sewing Machine.

**OFFICE IN FIRST NATIONAL BANK**

**BUILDING, MAIN STREET.**

Stillwater, June 6, 1866—4w.

**A. C. LULL,**

**REAL ESTATE AGENT AND NOTARY**

**PUBLIC.**

Also Agent for the Florence Sewing Machine.

**OFFICE IN FIRST NATIONAL BANK**

**BUILDING, MAIN STREET.**

Stillwater, June 6, 1866—4w.

**A. C. LULL,**

**REAL ESTATE AGENT AND NOTARY**

**PUBLIC.**

Also Agent for the Florence Sewing Machine.

**OFFICE IN FIRST NATIONAL BANK**

**BUILDING, MAIN STREET.**

Stillwater, June 6, 1866—4w.

**A. C. LULL,**

**REAL ESTATE AGENT AND NOTARY**

**PUBLIC.**

Also Agent for the Florence Sewing Machine.

**OFFICE IN FIRST NATIONAL BANK**

**BUILDING, MAIN STREET.**

Stillwater, June 6, 1866—4w.

**A. C. LULL,**

**REAL ESTATE AGENT AND NOTARY**

**PUBLIC.**

Also Agent for the Florence Sewing Machine.

**OFFICE IN FIRST NATIONAL BANK**

**BUILDING, MAIN STREET.**

Stillwater, June 6, 1866—4w.

**A. C. LULL,**

**REAL ESTATE AGENT AND NOTARY**

**PUBLIC.**

# The Stillwater Messenger.

A. J. VAN VORHES,  
Editor and Proprietor.

"BE JUST AND FEAR NOT."

TERMS--\$2.00 A YEAR  
Invariably in Advance.

VOLUME 11.

STILLWATER, MINNESOTA, JANUARY 9, 1867.

NUMBER 18.

STILLWATER MESSENGER  
Wednesday, January 9, 1867.

**New Englanders at the West.**

Theodore Tilton is lecturing through the West and writing to the *Independent*. In one of his recent letters he says:

I think the beauty of the New England character is not seen at its best till it ripens awhile in the West. Take the birds and reared New Englanders whom you now see in any of a dozen representative Western towns—say, for instance, Akron, Ohio; Adrian, Michigan; Quincy, Illinois; Mount Pleasant, Iowa—and I am free to say that towns of equal size standing on the northern soil of New England are not equal to these Western rivals in the impression which they make for thrift, energy, growth and civil progress.

True, there is more wealth, more culture, more social refinement in the Eastern towns; but in the Western there is more of that indefinable quality (for want of a better name) we call character. That is to say, there is more individuality, more freedom from conventional restraint, more independence in manners and opinion, more flavor of native originality.

To state the case in a different way, I believe that when a son of New England comes, as a young man, to seek a home in the West, there is something in Western life, Western activity and Western ambition which in the end will make him more of a man than if he had remained on his ancestral acres, and lived and died in the old homestead in New Hampshire.

Cultivated people at the West feel the lack of many privileges enjoyed at the East. I know of many instances in which this feeling reaches the point of sighing and heart-break—particularly among Eastern women, fresh residents of the West. They yearn for New England, and weep in secret at their separation from it. But these same Eastern women, as soon as they become westernized, partake of the same pride in the West which animates Western men. Certain fashionable people who prefer to call ladies rather than women, and who flourish in the large western cities, regard it as a compliment to be told that no one would ever suspect for a moment that they had not been all their lives in the East. But when you see a Western Yankee girl who, after five or ten years' residence in Illinois, cannot be told from an Eastern woman, she may be excellent and admirable, but she is not the best the West can produce.

I say this with downright positiveness. The true western woman, though perhaps born at the east, would not give sixpence to be thought fresh from Bacon street, Boston, Fifth Avenue, New York. Moreover, I venture the prediction that the first State in the Union to acknowledge the political equality of men and women, as citizens entitled each alike to the citizen's franchise, is a State west of the Mississippi. I mean Iowa. Let the godless day speed swiftly, for I want Taylor Lewis to set it before he dies.

A man's Eastern reputation counts for precious little in the West. He must be weighed in Chicago and St. Louis. If he is here found wanting, it is of no consequence what his rank may be in New York or Boston. Family names count for a good deal in Massachusetts, but they are lighter than a feather in Illinois. I have seen more aristocracy in Boston, and less in Chicago, than in any other great cities of this country. Of course, I mean only Northern cities; for with the first families of Richmond and New Orleans, who among us, East or West, can compare?

**TRAVELING SCAMPS.**—The following from the Albert Lea Standard is quite appropriate to our city. Look out for these itinerants:

"Three or four suspicious characters have been loitering about our town for the past week, and circumstances render it quite certain that some of them at least, are dangerous characters. Most of their time was spent in trying to get up little confidence games, &c., but we have heard of but few instances where any of our people took the bait. A still more suspicious circumstance was that one of the party (though they claimed no connection with each other) thoughtlessly left in his room at the hotel, a set of cast iron knuckles, with which a man might easily be killed at a single blow. Failing in their efforts to gamble our people out of any money of note, three of the party started for Blue Earth City, while the fourth, leaving his bill at the hotel unpaid, made tracks for Owatonna. The sheriff, however, soon overtook him, and persuaded him to pay his account. Look out for them. We learn that numerous bands of two and three have saluted out from the large cities this winter for the purpose of plotting mischief in the more unsuspecting localities."

For the Messenger.

**Free America.**

Asked, when in other lands I ramble,  
Whence I came, where my birth-place?  
America, I'll proudly own,  
The noble words our fathers wrote:  
"All men are free and equal born."  
From North to South, from East to West,  
Now every man a freeman stands,  
Unlike the bonds we professed,  
While millions writhed in slavery's bands.  
Great ones have tried in vain  
To seize bonds that made us one;  
Hill, valley, mountain-side and plain  
Tell what their blood-stained hands have done.  
The contest o'er—the nation avails—  
Let none assume the rule again;  
But true men, who danger braved,  
And honest to our cause remain.  
My native land, I love thee well,  
Remembering I won't on thine invoke;  
And in all lands thy glory tell.  
The Lord hath broken every yoke.

**LOCAL NEWS.**

**3-5** We have delayed the publication of the *Messenger* beyond the usual hour of going to press in order to lay before our readers, at the earliest possible moment, the Governor's message and the organization of the Legislature, which will be found on our inside page.

**No Paper Next Week.**—Publishers usually take a little recreation during holidays, but during the past ten and a half years we have never omitted the regular publication of the *Messenger*. In order to bring up an accumulation of job-work, and also to get the next decline—we shall draw upon Daniels for enough 15 cent calico (say five or six bolts) to dress up our children and send them to the Seminary or Sunday school! See his advertisement.

**Winter Route East.**—The new time-table of the Minnesota Central will be issued by a man sawing wood in front of our office. Hurrying to the spot, he found the occupants—Mr. Shaughnessy and Mr. Riedle, both of whom were burnt out in the recent fire—unconscious of any danger. The smoke came from a disjointed stove pipe above, and had it not been discovered in time, would have involved the city in a general and most disastrous conflagration.

**FORTUNE TELLING.**—From a card before us we learn that Madame DuPage is at the Sawyer House, and for the small pittance of one dollar will foretell everything of a personal nature relating to fortune—revealing the past and future, and give information which will lead right on to a glorious destiny. Those wishing to know to whom they are to be married, and when—what their future destiny, and the character of the dinner being prepared for them at their boarding-houses or lunch-rooms—will of course consult the Madame.

**FOR THE SUMMER CAMPAIGN.**—Business calling us to the mill of Messrs. Atiles & Co., (formerly the "Clay & Sawyer" mill) yesterday, we were pleased to note a thorough repair of that old-time institution preparatory to a vigorous campaign next summer. The mill is being repaired throughout, and other desirable improvements made. These changes will cost the proprietors \$10,000, which we hope to see returned in the anticipated prosperous years of the future.

**SURGERY.**—Chas. Palson of this vicinity, aged 30 years, in the latter part of August, 1866, was thrown from a horse (while in Illinois.) His left foot hanging in the stirrup, by which he was dragged till the girth broke and he left senseless. Several hours afterwards he was found and taken to the nearest town, remaining insensible for twenty-four hours, under the charge of two physicians. From that time deformity and severe pain remained of the left hip joint, which was treated by several doctors for rheumatism. Dec. 26th, Dr. Beckwith of this place was called to see him, and after a thorough examination, pronounced his case a dislocation of the hip joint. His health being very poor at the time, it was deemed best to place him under constitutional treatment for a time before operating, which was deferred till last Wednesday, Jan. 2. Chloroform and ether (ether alone having no effect) were administered, and by the skillful manipulations and indomitable efforts of the doctor the leg was set, and bids fair to be nearly or quite as well as ever, after having been out over four months.

**MUSICAL LECTURE.**—The lecture of Prof. Bronson last Thursday evening in Armory Hall on the subject of music, was a production worthy of the theme. The rostrum is not Mr. Bronson's forte; yet he wields a pen with much force, presenting his ideas in a plain and forcible manner that might, with great propriety, be adopted by many lecturers of far greater pretensions than he. The production was of much larger audience than was present. All who attended were agreeably entertained, and we are rejoiced to learn that he has received sufficient encouragement to justify him in proceeding with his course of instruction during the winter. For the present, his classes will meet on Tuesday evening of each week, in Armory Hall.

**UNION.**—Unite your good flour with D. B. De Land & Co.'s Best Chemical Saleratus if you want extra bread, biscuit and pastry of all kinds. United they rise, divided they fall.

**MARKING DOWN!**—Jo. Daniels continues to mark down the prices of his goods, as will be seen by his sign in to-day's *Messenger*. Daniels may be reckless; but such a state of demoralization will be heralded with gratification by heads of large families. At the present rate of decline in prices we shall feel inclined to do something desperate soon. Within another week—the next decline—we shall draw upon Daniels for enough 15 cent calico (say five or six bolts) to dress up our children and send them to the Seminary or Sunday school! See his advertisement.

**ALMOST A FIRE.**—Smoke was seen issuing from the Kattenberg building, yesterday, by a man sawing wood in front of our office. Hurrying to the spot, he found the occupants—Mr. Shaughnessy and Mr. Riedle, both of whom were burnt out in the recent fire—unconscious of any danger. The smoke came from a disjointed stove pipe above, and had it not been discovered in time, would have involved the city in a general and most disastrous conflagration.

**FORTUNE TELLING.**—From a card before us we learn that Madame DuPage is at the Sawyer House, and for the small pittance of one dollar will foretell everything of a personal nature relating to fortune—revealing the past and future, and give information which will lead right on to a glorious destiny. Those wishing to know to whom they are to be married, and when—what their future destiny, and the character of the dinner being prepared for them at their boarding-houses or lunch-rooms—will of course consult the Madame.

**PIANOS, MELODEONS, ORGANS**

<b

## Telegraphic News Items

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—In the Senate a debate sprung up on the refusal of the Senate to postpone the consideration of the suffrage bill till to-morrow.

Mr. Cowan believed the negro would use the privilege of suffrage with reason and intelligence.

Mr. Cowan denied the right of Congress to establish suffrage here without consent of the people of the District. The people here had the same right to govern their own affairs as a State.

Mr. Morell asked why the negro should not have the same rights and civil privileges as life, liberty and property.

Mr. Cowan said those rights were conferred by Divine power, and civil rights by the community.

Mr. Williams thought Congress quite competent to judge of the intelligence of the negro as the President.

Mr. Johnson took the same grounds as Mr. Cowan.

Mr. Chandler offered a resolution authorizing the Secretary of War to improve the Water and Lake Harbors so as to accommodate vessels drawing 14 feet.

Mr. Wade called up the Nebraska bill.

Mr. Howe spoke in favor of the bill and the right of suffrage to the colored race. The question was upon the amendment. There shall be no distinction, civil or political, or account of

When we yesterday published the blazoning of the "Fashion," next Baton Rouge, La., we little thought that one of our most valued citizens was among the sufferers. Yesterday's mail brought the sad news to a lady of this city that Miss Margaret Postlethwait of St. Paul was a passenger and barely escaped alive! It seems Miss Postlethwait went on board at Natchez to visit her sister, Mrs. Cochran, and other friends, in New Orleans. At the moment of catastrophe her well known calmness of mind did not desert her. She preferred a "Life Preserver," adjusted it completely, and then sat about assisting others. Driven by the flames to the stern of the boat she was suddenly precipitated to the lower deck and badly injured by the fall. Recovering so as to speak, she called to a gentleman passing who took her from the midst of infuriated horses to the edge of the boat, when she seated to keep him from falling into the river. After floating some distance she hailed Captain Pratt, of the "Fashion," stored for St. Paul, who was in a small boat at some distance. He came to her aid, and she was afterwards taken on the "Magenta" to New Orleans, where the surgeons in attendance have but little hope of her recovery. Many a loving heart in and out of the Orphan Asylum in St. Paul will send up their prayers to God for her recovery. She was a true Christian, lived only to do good—spent her life in acts of Christian service, and will be remembered as the efficient Secretary of the Protestant Orphan Asylum of St. Paul, for which she labored until her departure last month on a visit South. We hope she may be spared to come again and receive the greetings of those little orphans whose hearts are torn so cruelly by this intelligence.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—A confidence man claiming the name of Ostrabrook, who sent Gen. Spinner a check for three hundred dollars on account of his services in the cause of the slaves, has been detected as a swindler. His check proves to be worthless. Gen. Spinner has seen detectives after him, and says he will make him pay three hundred dollars, as by his own confession, he has avoided the government.

In the Supreme Court yesterday three cases were decided. No. 1. Elihu Root, attorney in error, to the Circuit Court of the United States, for Iowa, Justice Clifford delivered his opinion that the circuit court erred in its opinion of the case, and remanded the case to the Committee on Federal Relations.

MONTGOMERY, Jan. 7.—Sunday night the south-bound train on the Illinois Central Railroad precipitated down an embankment, one mile south, killing Mrs. Wilson of Akron, Ohio, and wounding several others.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 7.—The brig Sunny Sails sailed from Yokohama for Shanghai on Sept. 10th, and it is supposed she was lost in a terrific typhoon of Japan. Captain, his wife, daughter and nephew, and a steward were all lost.

St. Louis, Jan. 7.—The Cheyenne Indians burned Sweetwater Station, near Fort Laramie, and killed Calliope, telegraph operator.

LANSING, Mich., Jan. 8.—Gov. Clegg is convalescing at a hotel in the city. He is expected to be home in time to attend the inauguration of the new Legislature.

PORTLAND, Me., Jan. 7.—One passenger car on the Great Fall & Conn River was thrown down an embankment 40 feet high.

All the passengers were more or less injured.

BALTIMORE, January 6.—The Steamer Memphis from Queenstown, Ireland, was found

to have suffered damage to the hull and the

deck, and was unable to proceed.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The Ellsworth Zouaves of Chicago, arrived here to-day. They came to have a grand ball to-night.

MARION, Jan. 7.—The son of Mr. Henry of Shellyville, aged 17 years, was drowned while skating.

St. Louis, Jan. 7.—The Cheyenne Indians

burned Sweetwater Station, near Fort Laramie, and killed Calliope, telegraph operator.

LANSING, Mich., Jan. 7.—The Governor is convalescing at a hotel in the city. He is expected to be home in time to attend the inauguration of the new Legislature.

WICHITA, Kan., Jan. 7.—A meeting was held last night to aid the suffering Greeks in Crete. It is expected that considerable money will be raised.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The Heraclius' Verus Cruz was sold to the New Haven railroad for \$100,000.

The Legislature of Nevada assembled to-day. The chief business will be the election of U. S. Senator.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 7.—A train on the Great Falls & New Hampshire railroad was thrown off the track yesterday, and a car with 33 passengers was thrown into an embankment, two were killed and one severely wounded. Several others were injured.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The Heraclius' Verus Cruz was sold to the New Haven railroad for \$100,000.

The Legislature of Nevada assembled to-day. The chief business will be the election of U. S. Senator.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 7.—A train on the Great

Falls & New Hampshire railroad was thrown

off the track yesterday, and a car with 33 passengers was thrown into an embankment, two were killed and one severely wounded. Several others were injured.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The Heraclius' Verus Cruz was sold to the New Haven railroad for \$100,000.

The Legislature of Nevada assembled to-day. The chief business will be the election of U. S. Senator.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 7.—A train on the Great

Falls & New Hampshire railroad was thrown

off the track yesterday, and a car with 33 passengers was thrown into an embankment, two were killed and one severely wounded. Several others were injured.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The Heraclius' Verus Cruz was sold to the New Haven railroad for \$100,000.

The Legislature of Nevada assembled to-day. The chief business will be the election of U. S. Senator.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 7.—A train on the Great

Falls & New Hampshire railroad was thrown

off the track yesterday, and a car with 33 passengers was thrown into an embankment, two were killed and one severely wounded. Several others were injured.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The Heraclius' Verus Cruz was sold to the New Haven railroad for \$100,000.

The Legislature of Nevada assembled to-day. The chief business will be the election of U. S. Senator.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 7.—A train on the Great

Falls & New Hampshire railroad was thrown

off the track yesterday, and a car with 33 passengers was thrown into an embankment, two were killed and one severely wounded. Several others were injured.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The Heraclius' Verus Cruz was sold to the New Haven railroad for \$100,000.

The Legislature of Nevada assembled to-day. The chief business will be the election of U. S. Senator.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 7.—A train on the Great

Falls & New Hampshire railroad was thrown

off the track yesterday, and a car with 33 passengers was thrown into an embankment, two were killed and one severely wounded. Several others were injured.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The Heraclius' Verus Cruz was sold to the New Haven railroad for \$100,000.

The Legislature of Nevada assembled to-day. The chief business will be the election of U. S. Senator.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 7.—A train on the Great

Falls & New Hampshire railroad was thrown

off the track yesterday, and a car with 33 passengers was thrown into an embankment, two were killed and one severely wounded. Several others were injured.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The Heraclius' Verus Cruz was sold to the New Haven railroad for \$100,000.

The Legislature of Nevada assembled to-day. The chief business will be the election of U. S. Senator.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 7.—A train on the Great

Falls & New Hampshire railroad was thrown

off the track yesterday, and a car with 33 passengers was thrown into an embankment, two were killed and one severely wounded. Several others were injured.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The Heraclius' Verus Cruz was sold to the New Haven railroad for \$100,000.

The Legislature of Nevada assembled to-day. The chief business will be the election of U. S. Senator.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 7.—A train on the Great

Falls & New Hampshire railroad was thrown

off the track yesterday, and a car with 33 passengers was thrown into an embankment, two were killed and one severely wounded. Several others were injured.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The Heraclius' Verus Cruz was sold to the New Haven railroad for \$100,000.

The Legislature of Nevada assembled to-day. The chief business will be the election of U. S. Senator.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 7.—A train on the Great

Falls & New Hampshire railroad was thrown

off the track yesterday, and a car with 33 passengers was thrown into an embankment, two were killed and one severely wounded. Several others were injured.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The Heraclius' Verus Cruz was sold to the New Haven railroad for \$100,000.

The Legislature of Nevada assembled to-day. The chief business will be the election of U. S. Senator.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 7.—A train on the Great

Falls & New Hampshire railroad was thrown

off the track yesterday, and a car with 33 passengers was thrown into an embankment, two were killed and one severely wounded. Several others were injured.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The Heraclius' Verus Cruz was sold to the New Haven railroad for \$100,000.

The Legislature of Nevada assembled to-day. The chief business will be the election of U. S. Senator.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 7.—A train on the Great

Falls & New Hampshire railroad was thrown

off the track yesterday, and a car with 33 passengers was thrown into an embankment, two were killed and one severely wounded. Several others were injured.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The Heraclius' Verus Cruz was sold to the New Haven railroad for \$100,000.

The Legislature of Nevada assembled to-day. The chief business will be the election of U. S. Senator.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 7.—A train on the Great

Falls & New Hampshire railroad was thrown

off the track yesterday, and a car with 33 passengers was thrown into an embankment, two were killed and one severely wounded. Several others were injured.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The Heraclius' Verus Cruz was sold to the New Haven railroad for \$100,000.

The Legislature of Nevada assembled to-day. The chief business will be the election of U. S. Senator.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 7.—A train on the Great

Falls & New Hampshire railroad was thrown

off the track yesterday, and a car with 33 passengers was thrown into an embankment, two were killed and one severely wounded. Several others were injured.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The Heraclius' Verus Cruz was sold to the New Haven railroad for \$100,000.

The Legislature of Nevada assembled to-day. The chief business will be the election of U. S. Senator.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 7.—A train on the Great

Falls & New Hampshire railroad was thrown

off the track yesterday, and a car with 33 passengers was thrown into an embankment, two were killed and one severely wounded. Several others were injured.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The Heraclius' Verus Cruz was sold to the New Haven railroad for \$100,000.

The Legislature of Nevada assembled to-day. The chief business will be the election of U. S. Senator.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 7.—A train on the Great

Falls & New Hampshire railroad was thrown

off the track yesterday, and a car with 33 passengers was thrown into an embankment, two were killed and one severely wounded. Several others were injured.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The Heraclius' Verus Cruz was sold to the New Haven railroad for \$100,000.

The Legislature of Nevada assembled to-day. The chief business will be the election of U. S. Senator.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 7.—A train on the Great

Falls & New Hampshire railroad was thrown

off the track yesterday, and a car with 33 passengers was thrown into an embankment, two were killed and one severely wounded. Several others were injured.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The Heraclius' Verus Cruz was sold to the New Haven railroad for \$100,000.

The Legislature of Nevada assembled to-day. The chief business will be the election of U. S. Senator.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 7.—A train on the Great

Falls & New Hampshire railroad was thrown

off the track yesterday, and a car with 33 passengers was thrown into an embankment, two were killed and one severely wounded. Several others were injured.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The Heraclius' Verus Cruz was sold to the New Haven railroad for \$100,000.

The Legislature of Nevada assembled to-day. The chief business will be the election of U. S. Senator.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 7.—A train on the Great

Falls & New Hampshire railroad was thrown

off the track yesterday, and a car with 33 passengers was thrown into an embankment, two were killed and one severely wounded. Several others were injured.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The Heraclius' Verus Cruz was sold to the New Haven railroad for \$100,000.

The Legislature of Nevada assembled to-day. The chief business will be the election of U. S. Senator.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 7.—A train on the Great

Falls & New Hampshire railroad was thrown

off the track yesterday, and a car with 33 passengers was thrown into an embankment, two were killed and one severely wounded. Several others were injured.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The Heraclius' Verus Cruz was sold to the New Haven railroad for \$100,0

## GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

Message of Governor Wm. R. Marshall,

Delivered to the Legislature of Minnesota, Jan. 10, 1867.

### INTRODUCTORY.

Gentlemen of the Senate and House of Representatives:

In the events of the past year, affecting the State and the circumstances under which you assemble to deliberate for the public welfare, there is occasion, for deep gratitude to Him who governs all.

There has been no visitation of pestilence; war has not called our young men from their peaceful pursuits; no Indian incursions or alarms have disturbed our borders; immigration has beyond precedent added to our popular wealth; all our resources have prospered; agriculture and commerce have increased; railroads have been extended and manufactures have built up.

The religious, educational and charitable interests of the people have advanced equally with material interests.

Our duty is to labor to perpetuate these blessings and this progress.

### FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

In communicating to you, as required by the constitution, such information touching the Constitution, as seems expedient, I would first refer to the satisfactory exhibit of financial affairs as shown in the able reports of the Auditor and Treasurer, which will be laid before you.

The receipts from all sources, including balance in treasury at beginning of year, were:

General revenue ..... \$301,567.17

For school and sinking fund ..... 111,493.65

School funds ..... 216,430.40

Total receipts ..... \$529,450.22

The disbursements were—

For general expenses of State government ..... 195,655.78

For interest on State bonds and sinking fund ..... 74,213.14

For permanent School Fund ..... 131,396.37

Total disbursements ..... \$461,265.29

Leaving balance in treasury ..... 68,180.93

Last year the taxable value of property real and personal was \$45,127,313.67. The reports for this year are not all in, but as far as received show an increase of over \$12,000,000. The additional returns will raise the whole to \$57,500,000. On this basis the revenue for 1867 of the State from taxes will be \$20,540,000.

Claims against the general government, amounting to about \$125,000, are in a fair way of settlement. The State Auditor went to Washington and has learned the difficulties in the way of their adjustment, and will be able, in a few months, to remove them. He expects at least \$100,000 of this amount will be allowed.

### PERMANENT SCHOOL FUNDS.

Of the permanent School Fund, the cash receipts during the past year were:

From sales of lands ..... \$105,597.21

From stampage from timber ..... 865.36

Total ..... 106,462.57

Invested in U. S. and Minnesota bonds ..... 109,000.00

No. of acres of School lands sold in 1866, 54,640.50, for ..... \$40,290.16

Total permanent School Fund Nov. 20, '66 ..... \$103,161.60

Of which \$5,000 there is invested in Minnesota and U. S. bonds ..... \$123,640.50

Remaining at 7 per cent. interest ..... 68,000.00

The School Fund has taken ..... 122,000

Leaving \$190,000 not held by the State.

The Auditor estimates that the sinking fund by next July, will absorb about \$10,000 of bonds, and that we shall receive from claims against the United States \$100,000 more, which goes to the sinking fund, so that at the maturity of the \$250,000, July next, the sinking fund will be sufficient to cancel all but \$50,000, which the School fund will carry until the sinking fund of 1868 provides for it.

All of the 7 per cent. bonds except \$10,000 will be held by the sinking fund and the School Fund. Before the maturity of the 7 per cent. the sinking fund will have cancelled all.

Will this be seen that we are in a fair way of speedily cancelling the funded debt.

**FINANCIAL POLICY OF THE STATE.**

It is gratifying to see from the Auditor's report that the increased revenues of the State from the enlarged taxable base—without adding to the per cent. of tax for State purposes—will suffice for all current expenses of State government, and supply from year to year, the necessary appropriations for buildings for the charitable and other institutions of the State.

The true financial policy is to get out of debt and keep out of debt.

It is difficult to find the insignificant revenue of State debt now existing, which will be paid off as fast as the sinking fund, and payment of our claims against the United States, will allow, and that it should not be removed.

Money comes so easily when it is borrowed, and pay day seems so distant, that it is quickly and often unprofitably expended.

Depending on our own resources, and paying our way as we go, will insure that economy in public expenditures that brings profit to us.

The sumptuous land grants with which Congress has endowed a complete system of Railroads for the State, seems to us all the internal improvements that the State will need for the present generation. Such works of internal improvements have cost other States tens of millions of dollars, and burdened them with heavy permanent debts.

Let me endeavor to present the example of a State which is able to do it. It can easily be done, and we shall thereby assure prudence and economy in public affairs and light burdens of taxation.

**SCHOOL AND PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.**

Your attention is invited to the able and full report of the Superintendent of Public Instruction for information concerning the educational interests of the State.

I submit a condensed statement, from

the tabular summary of the School Department, which exhibits a gratifying degree of progress in several important respects, particularly in the increased gains of school houses, while in others the improvement is less manifest, owing to the absence of essential returns, from a large number of school districts.

For the years 1865 ..... 1896.

Whole number of school districts ..... 1,524 1,993

No. of districts reported and partially represented ..... 1,495 1,008

Districts having school reports and returning reports ..... 106 163

No. of districts wholly unreported ..... 223 317

Whole No. of persons between 5 and 20 years ..... 57,244 102,118

Whole No. of persons in attendance ..... 50,564 52,753

Average daily attendance ..... 82,259 53,819

Whole number of teachers ..... 2,000 2,157

Total amount paid for school ..... \$124,583.71 \$169,116.48

Whole number of school houses ..... 1,112 1,297

Total value of school buildings ..... \$280,329.91 \$472,500.17

Of the many valuable suggestions of the report, I would call your attention to the following:—

In this connection let me recommend that you memorialize Congress to do fuller justice to bounties to the early volunteers of the war. The late act giving \$100, was but a half measure. Let the men who volunteered first and served longest, be made equal in this respect with later volunteers. The government can afford this justice to its gallant defenders. It cannot afford to neglect them.

ADDITIONAL NOTES.

In this connection let me recommend that you memorialize Congress to do fuller justice to bounties to the early volunteers of the war. The late act giving \$100, was but a half measure. Let the men who volunteered first and served longest, be made equal in this respect with later volunteers. The government can afford this justice to its gallant defenders. It cannot afford to neglect them.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND.

The report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will be submitted to the Legislature.



**FOUND!** **NEW STORE**  
New Goods  
FOR THE  
**NEW YEAR.**

**GREAT EXCITEMENT.**

**A**

majority of those who read newspapers never even think of a business advertisement; and if a

**MAN**

actually has the best, the cheapest goods in all creation—actually selling them at Break-down prices—too few heed the fact for their own interest; and therefore I have

**FOUND**

it best to simply invite everybody to call and examine my extensive stock of STOVES AND HOUSE-KEEPING ARTICLES, before buying one dollar's worth elsewhere, for I can and will make it to the interest of all those who are not positively

**DEAD**

to their own interests, and who wish to save money, to buy everything

**IN**

the line of Cook, Parlor and Office Stoves, Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron ware, House-keeping Goods, Toys, Boys' Sleights TIN OR PLASTIC STOVES, Plumbing, repairing Lumbermen's Out-fits, &c., to call on

W. M. CAPRON,

In Mowers' Building, Chestnut st., in

**STILLWATER.**

Nov. 21, 1866—n11

**A. B. EASTON,**  
NOTARY PUBLIC.

At the Messenger Office, Stillwater.

**HOLLIS R. MURDOCK,**  
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW  
and General Agent, Stillwater, Minnesota  
Stillwater, April 30, 1861.  
n33.

**GREAT FALL**  
—IN—  
**PRICES.**

HEAVY SHEETINGS, 25 Cents.

BEST CALICOES, 20 Cents.

BEST DELAINES, 28 Cents.

BEST DOUBLE-FACED FRENCH  
MERINO, only \$1.50.

AND EVERY THING ELSE IN  
PROPORTION.

—AT—

**WEBSTER,  
SCHOOLMAKER  
& VALENTINE'S.**

Dec. 5, 1866.

HOWARD'S NEW SPORTING RIFLE  
AND SHOT GUN.  
(AGENT'S CERTIFICATE.)

This certifies that we have this day appointed Mr. A. VAN VORIES our only authorized Agent for the sale of the

HOWARD'S SPORTING RIFLE AND  
SHOT GUN," with full power to appoint Sub-Agents.

JAMES T. ALLEY & CO.  
St. Paul, Minn., June 20, 1866.

**C ASTLE & CAMERON,**  
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,  
STILLWATER, MINNESOTA.

Collections made and the business of a general  
agency promptly attended to.

OFFICE IN HOLCOMBE'S BLOCK.

**S T R A Y E D.**

Two COLTS.—One a BROWN MARE, without white, three  
years old, small size, long legs, slim body,  
long neck, prominent hips, very fine limbs,  
small black hoofs.

The other a ROAN MARE, two years old,  
three white legs, white face, light colored  
mane and tail, short legs and stout build.

An information will be thankfully received  
if sent to me, care of John H. Prince,  
or to A. Nessel or Wm. Altenberg, Cottage  
Grove—or if the animals are returned to ei-  
ther named, a suitable reward will be paid

G. A. B. SHAWE,

Saint Paul, Minn., Nov. 30, 1866.—13-3w.

\$2,000 A YEAR made by one  
with \$13. The Presidents,  
Cashiers and Treasurers of 3 Banks induce  
the circular. Sent free with samples. Ad-  
dress the American Stencil Tool Works,  
Springfield, Vermont.—n17-3w.

**NEW STORE**  
New Goods  
FOR THE  
**NEW YEAR.**

**NEW GROCERY STORE.**

I take this method of informing my friends  
and the public generally, that I have purchas-  
ed the entire

Stock of Groceries,  
from the firm of Webster, Schoemaker & Val-  
entine, at the

CORNER OF MAIN AND MYRTLE STREETS,  
STILLWATER, MINN.,

(Bronson's old stand.)

Where I will keep constantly on hand a full  
and good assortment of

Coffee, Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Syrup,  
Cider, Vinegar, best quality,

No. 1 & 2 Mackarel,  
Codfish,

Butter, Cheese,  
Crackers, best quality,

New Raisins, very superior,

Yeast Powder, Soda, Corn-Starch,

Tobacco, smoking and chewing, Starch, &c.

**ALSO**  
CROCKER WARE.

Wash-tubs, Wash-boards, Clothes-Baskets,

Wooler Pails, Churns, and all other

articles usually kept in a

First-Class Grocery Store.

Our friends and the public generally are in-  
vited to call and examine my stock of Groc-  
eries, which I will sell as cheap for *cash* as  
they can be purchased anywhere.

**SAMUEL BLOOMER.**

Stillwater, Dec. 10, 1866.—n13-3w.

If you want a GOOD DISH OF OYSTERS  
this is the place to get them. Candies and  
Fruits of all kinds; Tobaccoes and Cigars of  
the choicest brands.

TEA, SUGAR AND COFFEE,  
Of the best quality!

Toys and Confectionery.

Soda, Saleratus, Yeast Powders,

Corn Starch, Starch,

Sardines, Cone Oysters,

Soaps of all kinds,

Fresh Pickles,

Tomato Catsup,

Canned Tomatoes,

Peppe-sauces,

London Club Sauce,

French Mustard,

Cream Tartar,

Soda Crackers,

Butter Crackers,

Sweet Crackers,

Raisins, Citron,

Dried currents,

Prunes, Jellies,

Teas,

Coffee, Sugar,

Candies,

Market Baskets,

Sugar Tubs,

Mackerel,

Herring,

Scrub Brushes,

Boat Brushes,

Spices, all kinds,

Cheese and Butter, best quality.

We offer the above articles at the low-  
est market price!

**ROBINSON & KEENE.**

Stillwater, Dec. 4, 1866.—13tf

which will be produced in a fine style and at  
as low prices as can be secured in St. Paul or  
Chicago. Warp will be kept on hand at all  
times. Bring your rags and secure a nice  
carpet. The highest cash price paid for rags.

CHARLES ENGELHARDT.

Dec. 20, 1866.—14-4w.

BOOK-KEEPING,

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL.

**Rag Carpets.**

which will be produced in a fine style and at  
as low prices as can be secured in St. Paul or  
Chicago. Warp will be kept on hand at all  
times. Bring your rags and secure a nice  
carpet. The highest cash price paid for rags.

CHARLES ENGELHARDT.

Dec. 20, 1866.—14-4w.

BOOK-KEEPING,

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL.

**Penmanship.**

These brace's will be taught, day and eve-  
ning, in Messenger Office building, second  
floor, front room. Young men who desire a  
thorough course in Book-keeping will find  
equal advantages with those offered in the  
Commercial Colleges of the country. Plain  
Writing taught on the Spencerian system.  
The school is now open, where further infor-  
mation may be obtained.

A. C. MONROE.

Stillwater, Nov. 6, 1866.—9-3m.

**ST. PAUL**

Foundry & Machine Shop.

Third & Wacota Streets, St. Paul, Minn.

**BRAINARD & CO.**

Are now prepared to do all kinds of Castings  
and Machine Works, like Copper, Sheet  
Iron, and Smith Work, a superior  
style and finish, and at low prices.

**SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO  
PUTTING UP HOT AIR  
FURNACES.**

The highest cash price paid for old iron  
and copper.

ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

H. J. BRAINARD. A. WILSON. W. H. WEBB.

Stillwater, June 6, 1866.—13-3w.

**A New Thing.**

AND A

**GOOD THING.**

Every one should have it.

SHYRRELL'S WASHING CRYSTAL.

It saves half the labor in washing, and  
saves your clothes by not having to rub them

Warranted not to injure the finest fabric

3 Packages for a quarter—1 Package

does a washing!

Satisfaction guaranteed or money  
Refunded!

CARLI & CO., Sole Agents.

Stillwater, Nov. 21, 1866.—12-4w.

**COMMISSIONERS' NOTICE.**

The undersigned, having been appointed by

the County of Washington, Commissioners to receive

claims against the estate of Peter Carlton, late of

the City of Stillwater, in the Department of State  
of Minnesota, to the amount of \$1,000,000.00, to be presented

on or before the 1st day of March, 1867.

The time limited for presentation of claims

against said estate is six months from the 1st day of September, 1866.

JOHN S. PROCTOR,  
GEORGE DAVIS,  
Commissioners.

Wm. M. MCCLUER,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

Office over Wessing & Schultz's  
store, Main street, Stillwater, Minnesota.

**W. S. WILLARD,  
FURNITURE DEALER,**

Main Street, Stillwater, Minnesota.

ELLEGANT Modern and Plain Household  
Furniture, Mattresses, Looking Glasses, &c.

and all articles usually found in a general  
store in this country, which I will sell as

cheap as the cheapest.

**FOR CASH.**

Old Customers and all others are cordially  
invited to call and examine our stock.

Mr. JOTHAM LOVELL, so well known to  
all my old customers, will act as my agent for  
the present, which is a sufficient assurance  
that all comers will be well treated.

WILLIAM TIBBETTS.

Stillwater, Oct. 4th, 1866.

**BANK NOTICE.**

Notice is hereby given that there will be a  
meeting of the stockholders of this Bank, on

# MISSING ISSUE OR PAGE

Issue Missing or Damaged

Place of Publication: Stillwater

Title: MESSINGER

Date: Jan 16, 1867

missing

damaged

Date of 1st request:

Date of 2nd request:

Publisher unable to furnish issue.

State Library

# The Stillwater Messenger.

A. J. VAN VORHES,  
Editor and Proprietor.

"BE JUST AND FEAR NOT."

TERMS-\$2.00 A YEAR  
Invariably in Advance.

VOLUME 11.

STILLWATER, MINNESOTA, JANUARY 23, 1867.

NUMBER 20.

**STILLWATER MESSENGER**  
Wednesday, January 22, 1867.

A Remarkable Statement.

NIMMACOGGIN, Wis. Jan. 7, 1867.

Editor Stillwater Messenger,

The lumbermen of the St. Croix and its tributaries, and particularly that portion of country lying between this stream and Lake Superior, have been startled by the report from reliable parties, that an enormous catamount was lurking in that region. The Indians (who are not always reliable) have often told the piney men that a huge animal of the cat species existed on the north shore of Lake Superior, and for that reason the game had been driven from that region—his hideous yell dispersing every animal in mortal terror before him. They say he is of enormous size, his body being fully twelve feet in length, and his tail from eight to ten feet, his color a dark brown or black. This information I got from an old Indian who formerly resided on the north shore of the lake. The Indians believe he is possessed of supernatural powers, consequently they have never attempted his capture but once.

On a cross examination of this old Indian, as to his knowledge of the vast size and also the particulars as to the color of this wonderful animal, the following statement was given:

"A short time before the white men went away to the war, I camped on the north shore of Lake Superior. Game very scarce. Indian get very hungry. All the moose, elk, deer, caribou go away. Sometimes I find moose, sometimes caribou, killer and most eat up. Wolf no kill him; one great eat with great foot, kill him and eat him; wolf come when big eat be gone, and gnaw the bones. All the Indians get scared and camped close together. Indian get very hungry, and twenty of them start out, well-armed, in search of this monster, believing if they could destroy him they would have plenty of game as before he came among them. After a hunt of two days they came upon his track and found where he had just devoured a large moose, the remains of which were not yet cold. This gave them courage; and after feasting upon the remains of the carcass, they lit their pipes and pressed on, in full hope of overtaking him in a short time; but night closed around them and they were yet apparently no nearer the object of their search. Hungry, tired, disheartened, they camped for the night, smoked their pipes, and talked of the morrow's prospects.

At daylight they were again on the tramp, moving forward with a rapidity known only to an excited Indian, they follow his windings and trace his jumps with the certainty of a bloodhound. Again the darkness draws around them, and nothing has been accomplished. They speak of abandoning the pursuit, when all at once, our young brave, who led the band, came to a sudden halt. Surprised and alarmed, those in the rear rushed forward around their leader, who had reached the end of the trail, which they had followed with so much zeal for so many weary miles. They looked in vain for the next mark of his huge paw. Our leader (a young brave who had from the start been telling us that we should soon overtake the monster and return to our tents victorious) began to make a circuit around a huge oak that stood about forty feet from the last track of the beast. It was now between sunset and dark. While looking about for the lost track a small piece of oak bark fell upon the head of one of the party. This caused the Indian to look up instantly. Lo, and behold, this monster directly over head, about forty feet from the ground, stretched upon a projecting branch of the great oak before them, with his head resting upon his fore paws, moving his tail as if contemplating a spring upon some one of the party. The time had come. Every eye was fixed upon that terrible object they had toiled and searched for so long. That little piece of bark was brushed from the limb by the animal's tail upon the head of his pursuer, and was the signal for battle. They believed to this day, that the catamount dropped the piece of bark on the head of the In-

dian to notify him that he was ready for the fight. Our young chief, says my informant, told them all to fire, but we thought best to run. The animal we had followed for two days with so much eagerness, was much larger than we had anticipated.

The young chief stood his ground like a brave, while the rest ran like deer—to use the Indians own expression. Something quick had to be done, and we did it. As we fled in terror from the spot we heard the report of the young brave's gun, and that is the last we ever heard from him.

My informant is a very old Indian—claiming to have seen a hundred snows. He is still an active hunter, and supports a large family by hunting. He says the young brave who led them against the catamount was a brother of Hole-in-the-Day. A disagreement between him and the present chief of the Ojibways took place, when they were quite young. The father, who was noted for courage and prudence, sent him to the north of Lake Superior, enjoying upon him at the same time never to make war upon his brother, but to take at the Sioux scalps he could. This injunction, it is said, was faithfully observed.

Shortly after the loss of their chief by such a horrid death, and the certainty that such a monster was usurping their best hunting grounds, and that game was abundant on the south side of the lake, they removed to that region, where they have for the past few years enjoyed a quiet and abundant hunting ground.

It is the belief of lumbermen and Indians that this king of the forest has followed the game to this side of the lake, and is now lurking in the dense forest between Lake Superior and the head waters of the St. Croix. This immense forest is alive with elk, moose, caribou, deer, &c., and would naturally invite this unpleasant neighbor.

I learn from Mr. Charles Chase, a prominent lumberman who is logging on the borders of what is known as the Lake Superior Pinery, that he has heard the yell of this animal. He relates the following:

"About three o'clock p. m. some few days since, I was loading my team of eight oxen about one mile north of my shanty. My dog came running to me, apparently much frightened. He kept close to me, and I could not drive him away. I had my load about half completed when I heard a horrid scream that almost shook the earth. I paused a moment, completely paralyzed. My oxen began to jump and snort, and some of them bellowed, as if in mortal terror. In a few moments another yell, more terrific than the first, made the forest ring. With the assistance of the men who helped me to load, we turned the frightened oxen loose, finding it impossible to keep them in the woods. By this time the whole crew had got together, and we made good time to the shanty. The oxen got there first.

In our flight I thought of Bull Run, having participated in that retreat. The weather was cooler, however, than at the time of that great disaster, and the distance much less. I have not been back to my sleds since, as I am under the impression that I can do better to work near the shanty.

I might furnish other statements from reliable persons who have heard the same noises that Mr. Chase speaks of, but do not think it necessary at this time. It is my business to trace and mark the lines between different parties interested here, and am consequently more exposed than ordinary lumbermen, therefore I have determined on keeping shanty for awhile until I make up my reports, &c., believing to be for the interest of my employers.

JEREMIAH PATTEN,  
Surveyor and Civil Engineer.

The Undiscovered Dead.  
Miss Clara Barton furnishes the Milwaukee Sentinel with a list of missing soldiers from the Northwest, concerning whom inquiries have been made of her, which inquiries she is unable to answer. We give below the list for Minnesota:

Fish, Samuel, company I, 10th infantry.

Haskell, John S., company C, 1st infantry.

Johnson, John, company E, 2d infantry.

Lenen, Nicholas, company I, 1st infantry.

Ortner, Mathias, company I, 2d infantry.

Pomeroy, H. P., company I, 1st infantry.

## Senator Norton.

Resolutions requesting Daniel S. Norton to resign his position as U. S. Senator from this State, have been adopted by an almost unanimous vote by the Minnesota Legislature. This rebuke of his recreancy and dishonesty, together with the execrations of the people at the ballot-box last November, ought to govern the action of any man possessed of even a moiety of good principle or honor. But Norton will not resign. A man who will thus betray the party which elevated him to a position of dignity and power, and in two short years give the lie to all his former professions and affiliations, is too brazen to admit of dignified criticism and we drop the subject. He is a political leper, and has now found his level.

## What our Beautiful Indian Agency System Costs.

The New York Tribune says: The House of Representatives last summer called upon the Secretary of War for a statement of the sums expended for the suppression of Indian hostilities during the years 1864 and 1865, and Mr. Stanton has recently submitted a report in compliance with their demand.

From statistics recently compiled and published, we learn that the amount of lumber received in the St. Croix boom at this place last season, was about 70,000,000 feet. The amount of logs sent to market reached upwards of 45,500,000 feet, and at \$14 per thousand would amount to \$650,000. The lowest price at which logs were sold the past year was \$8.50, and the highest price \$22 per thousand rated—the average being about \$14. The amount of lumber sawed was 42,400,000 feet, with a value of \$22 per thousand as the average price, making the sum of \$932,500; and the number of shingles manufactured 6,165,725, at \$5 per M. is \$33,918; the total number of lath, \$6,944,900, at \$3.50 per M. amounts to \$20,432; and that of pickets \$30,675, at \$20 per thousand is \$12,763. The total value of cedar posts and telegraph poles is quite \$18,000—making a grand total of \$1,655,588.

During the summer season there

were 3,000 men employed in driving, rafting, sawing, etc., at an average of \$2.00 per day.

It is estimated that 90,000,000 feet will be cut the present winter. If the favorable weather of the past few weeks should continue throughout the cutting and hauling season, the estimate is probably not too high.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.—Michael Crowley, of this city, while engaged in the pinnacles on Snake river—some ninety miles from this place—was severely crushed between two logs last Thursday, breaking some of the hip bones and inflicting other internal injuries. He was conveyed to this city, and is being attended by Drs. Carl and Hoyt. His recovery is quite improbable.

STANLEY'S GIFT SALE.—Stanley appears to be popular in this city. The local agent, A. B. Easton, Esq., has sold over two hundred tickets, and has been compelled to order a large additional number to fill orders already received. He will be enabled to supply the demand in a few days.

AN INTERESTING CASE.—A man named Charles Devine, a lumberman, was arrested by Sheriff Seymour a few days ago on the charge of forging a draft or order drawn upon Mr. George B. Judd, of Marine, by his foreman in the pinnacles, payable to Devine, for labor performed. The original paper called for \$81.00, but was skillfully changed to read one hundred and eighty-one. An examination is being had before Justice Butts, and a number of interesting points have been raised by counsel which have attached more than usual interest to the case. Until these are disposed of, a public discussion of the points would be out of place. The prosecution is being ably conducted by J. N. Castle, Esq., and the defense with like ability by W. M. McClure, Esq. We understand the case will occupy several days.

LIQUOR LICENSES.—At a recent session of the County Commissioners, the county license to sell spirituous liquors was fixed at \$25.00 (the lowest amount permitted by law), and the Auditor was authorized to issue the same to applicants upon a compliance with the law.

These works are only sold by subscription. F. A. Haskell, Esq. is agent for Washington county, and is now canvassing for subscribers.

PRairie Fires.—On Thursday last the prairie fires in many portions of the State were burning as freely as in the fall of the year. Pretty good for Minnesota, when the railroads in the Eastern, Middle, and many of the Western States have been laid up on account of the snow for several days in succession.—*Taylors Falls Report*, 12th inst.

Jeremiah Patten, Surveyor and Civil Engineer.

The Undiscovered Dead.

Miss Clara Barton furnishes the Milwaukee Sentinel with a list of missing soldiers from the Northwest, concerning whom inquiries have been made of her, which inquiries she is unable to answer. We give below the list for Minnesota:

Fish, Samuel, company I, 10th infantry.

Haskell, John S., company C, 1st infantry.

Johnson, John, company E, 2d infantry.

Lenen, Nicholas, company I, 1st infantry.

Ortner, Mathias, company I, 2d infantry.

Pomeroy, H. P., company I, 1st infantry.

Jeremiah Patten, Surveyor and Civil Engineer.

The Undiscovered Dead.

Miss Clara Barton furnishes the Milwaukee Sentinel with a list of missing soldiers from the Northwest, concerning whom inquiries have been made of her, which inquiries she is unable to answer. We give below the list for Minnesota:

Fish, Samuel, company I, 10th infantry.

Haskell, John S., company C, 1st infantry.

Johnson, John, company E, 2d infantry.

Lenen, Nicholas, company I, 1st infantry.

Ortner, Mathias, company I, 2d infantry.

Pomeroy, H. P., company I, 1st infantry.

Jeremiah Patten, Surveyor and Civil Engineer.

The Undiscovered Dead.

Miss Clara Barton furnishes the Milwaukee Sentinel with a list of missing soldiers from the Northwest, concerning whom inquiries have been made of her, which inquiries she is unable to answer. We give below the list for Minnesota:

Fish, Samuel, company I, 10th infantry.

Haskell, John S., company C, 1st infantry.

Johnson, John, company E, 2d infantry.

Lenen, Nicholas, company I, 1st infantry.

Ortner, Mathias, company I, 2d infantry.

Pomeroy, H. P., company I, 1st infantry.

Jeremiah Patten, Surveyor and Civil Engineer.

The Undiscovered Dead.

Miss Clara Barton furnishes the Milwaukee Sentinel with a list of missing soldiers from the Northwest, concerning whom inquiries have been made of her, which inquiries she is unable to answer. We give below the list for Minnesota:

Fish, Samuel, company I, 10th infantry.

Haskell, John S., company C, 1st infantry.

Johnson, John, company E, 2d infantry.

Lenen, Nicholas, company I, 1st infantry.

Ortner, Mathias, company I, 2d infantry.

Pomeroy, H. P., company I, 1st infantry.

Jeremiah Patten, Surveyor and Civil Engineer.

The Undiscovered Dead.

Miss Clara Barton furnishes the Milwaukee Sentinel with a list of missing soldiers from the Northwest, concerning whom inquiries have been made of her, which inquiries she is unable to answer. We give below the list for Minnesota:

Fish, Samuel, company I, 10th infantry.

Haskell, John S., company C, 1st infantry.

Johnson, John, company E, 2d infantry.

Lenen, Nicholas, company I, 1st infantry.

Ortner, Mathias, company I, 2d infantry.

Pomeroy, H. P., company I, 1st infantry.

Jeremiah Patten, Surveyor and Civil Engineer.

The Undiscovered Dead.

Miss Clara Barton furnishes the Milwaukee Sentinel with a list of missing soldiers from the Northwest, concerning whom inquiries have been made of her, which inquiries she is unable to answer. We give below the list for Minnesota:

Fish, Samuel, company I, 10th infantry.

Haskell, John S., company C, 1st infantry.

Johnson, John, company E, 2d infantry.

Lenen, Nicholas, company I, 1st infantry.

Ortner, Mathias, company I, 2d infantry.

Pomeroy, H. P., company I, 1st infantry.

Jeremiah Patten, Surveyor and Civil Engineer.

The Undiscovered Dead.

Miss Clara Barton furnishes the Milwaukee Sentinel with a list of missing soldiers from the Northwest, concerning whom inquiries have been made of her, which inquiries she is unable to answer. We give below the list for Minnesota:

Fish, Samuel, company I, 10th infantry.

Haskell, John S., company C, 1st infantry.

Johnson, John, company E, 2d infantry.

Lenen, Nicholas, company I, 1st infantry.

Ortner, Mathias, company I, 2d infantry.

Pomeroy, H. P., company I, 1st infantry.

Jeremiah Patten, Surveyor and Civil Engineer.

The Undiscovered Dead.

Miss Clara Barton furnishes the Milwaukee Sentinel with a list of missing soldiers from the Northwest, concerning whom inquiries have been made of her, which inquiries she is unable to answer. We give below the list for Minnesota:

Fish, Samuel, company I, 10th infantry.

## Telegraphic News Items

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—J. Ross Brown, Special Commissioner of Mining Statistics, laid his report before the House to-day, which was ordered printed. A similar report by Mr. J. W. Taylor, of Minnesota, will be presented at an early day. Besides the mines of New Mexico, Montana and Colorado, he will consider the situation and prospect of the Vermillion and Alleghany gold fields.

Gen. Grant gives a reception and dance to-morrow evening, to be followed on Thursday evening by Colfax.

The President to-day nominated W. B. Brice, Paymaster General.

At the banquets of the Jackson Association Hon. Montgomery Blair offered the health of the President as a toast. The President arose and was greeted with prolonged cheers. He declined to make a speech, but said he would offer this series of his own will, has a right, under the Constitution, to remove its place in, or withdraw from the Union; nor has the Congress of the United States the Constitutional power to degrade the people of any State by reducing them to the condition of a mere territorial dependency upon the federal head. The one is disruption and dissolution of the Government, the other is consolidation and an exercise of despotic power. The advocates of either are alike the enemies of the Union, and of our constitutional form of government.

This was preceded by the regular toasts to which responses were made by Senators Headrick, Doolittle, Judge Black and others. The festivities were continued until a late hour.

CANACO, Jan. 9.—A Washington dispatch to the New York *Herald* says that Gen. Grant was present, by invitation, at the Cabinet on Saturday, to consider the fate of the District of Columbia suffrage bill, and "unofficially approved" it.

Other advices from Washington, however,

not only contradict this statement, but say that he told the Arkansas delegation to go home and ratify the amendment, and then pass an act granting universal suffrage.

The statement given out at the White House that Gen. Grant endorsed the veto of the suffrage bill is emphatically denied by Mr. E. B. Washburn.

New York, Jan. 9.—The Times' Washington special says, in conversation with Gen. Grant, he stated that he was present by invitation, but took no part in the debate. The President asked his views on the subject, to which he replied, the bill was unconstitutional, because it disfranchised rebels without trial, and that was, in his opinion, the best part of the bill.

In reference to the suffrage in the District of Columbia, he always thought it unconstitutional on the part of Congress to enforce this right while it refused to grant it to the same class in their own States.

Upon the arguments and principles in the message, he received no opinion.

New Haven, Jan. 8.—The Democratic Convention passed resolutions approving the course of the President and denouncing the action of Congress. Hon. Charles Brooks, in a speech, said if Congress dared to impeach the President it would result in civil war not confined to the other side of the Potomac, but devestation and ruin would be brought to our own homes.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Jan. 8.—Kingston jail burned last night; 22 prisoners perished in the flames.

FRANCISCO, Ia., Jan. 9.—The Wool Growers' Convention adjourned to-day, after passing strong resolutions for the protective tariff.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 9.—A wife of an extensive manufacturer eloped last night with a lover after securing \$10,000 worth of jewelry.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Jan. 10.—From the records of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, show that there are 348,498 persons in Iowa between the ages of 5 and 21; males, 180,197 females, 168,301; 595 schools with an increase in attendance over 1865, 34,000.

BIRMINGHAM, Jan. 9.—The Editorial convention closed their labors to-day after memorializing the Legislature on the subject of increased rates on legal advertising &c.

The resolution aligning the Legislature power to prescribe tolls on railroads and other public works.

Special to the *St. Paul Pioneer*:

QUEDO, Jan. 10.—Mr. Pope, the inspector of the gold mines at Chaudiere reports a nugget found, valued at \$800.

OTTAWA, Jan. 9.—The Pontiac Mills were burned yesterday.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 9.—A wife of an extensive manufacturer eloped last night with a lover after securing \$10,000 worth of jewelry.

DESMOINES, Iowa, Jan. 10.—From the records of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, show that there are 348,498 persons in Iowa between the ages of 5 and 21; males, 180,197 females, 168,301; 595 schools with an increase in attendance over 1865, 34,000.

BIRMINGHAM, Jan. 9.—The Editorial convention closed their labors to-day after memorializing the Legislature on the subject of increased rates on legal advertising &c.

The resolution aligning the Legislature power to prescribe tolls on railroads and other public works.

Special to the *St. Paul Pioneer*:

QUEDO, Jan. 10.—Mr. Pope, the inspector of the gold mines at Chaudiere reports a nugget found, valued at \$800.

OTTAWA, Jan. 9.—The Pontiac Mills were burned yesterday.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 9.—A wife of an extensive manufacturer eloped last night with a lover after securing \$10,000 worth of jewelry.

DESMOINES, Iowa, Jan. 10.—From the records of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, show that there are 348,498 persons in Iowa between the ages of 5 and 21; males, 180,197 females, 168,301; 595 schools with an increase in attendance over 1865, 34,000.

BIRMINGHAM, Jan. 9.—The Editorial convention closed their labors to-day after memorializing the Legislature on the subject of increased rates on legal advertising &c.

The resolution aligning the Legislature power to prescribe tolls on railroads and other public works.

Special to the *St. Paul Pioneer*:

QUEDO, Jan. 10.—Mr. Pope, the inspector of the gold mines at Chaudiere reports a nugget found, valued at \$800.

OTTAWA, Jan. 9.—The Pontiac Mills were burned yesterday.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 9.—A wife of an extensive manufacturer eloped last night with a lover after securing \$10,000 worth of jewelry.

DESMOINES, Iowa, Jan. 10.—From the records of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, show that there are 348,498 persons in Iowa between the ages of 5 and 21; males, 180,197 females, 168,301; 595 schools with an increase in attendance over 1865, 34,000.

BIRMINGHAM, Jan. 9.—The Editorial convention closed their labors to-day after memorializing the Legislature on the subject of increased rates on legal advertising &c.

The resolution aligning the Legislature power to prescribe tolls on railroads and other public works.

Special to the *St. Paul Pioneer*:

QUEDO, Jan. 10.—Mr. Pope, the inspector of the gold mines at Chaudiere reports a nugget found, valued at \$800.

OTTAWA, Jan. 9.—The Pontiac Mills were burned yesterday.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 9.—A wife of an extensive manufacturer eloped last night with a lover after securing \$10,000 worth of jewelry.

DESMOINES, Iowa, Jan. 10.—From the records of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, show that there are 348,498 persons in Iowa between the ages of 5 and 21; males, 180,197 females, 168,301; 595 schools with an increase in attendance over 1865, 34,000.

BIRMINGHAM, Jan. 9.—The Editorial convention closed their labors to-day after memorializing the Legislature on the subject of increased rates on legal advertising &c.

The resolution aligning the Legislature power to prescribe tolls on railroads and other public works.

Special to the *St. Paul Pioneer*:

QUEDO, Jan. 10.—Mr. Pope, the inspector of the gold mines at Chaudiere reports a nugget found, valued at \$800.

OTTAWA, Jan. 9.—The Pontiac Mills were burned yesterday.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 9.—A wife of an extensive manufacturer eloped last night with a lover after securing \$10,000 worth of jewelry.

DESMOINES, Iowa, Jan. 10.—From the records of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, show that there are 348,498 persons in Iowa between the ages of 5 and 21; males, 180,197 females, 168,301; 595 schools with an increase in attendance over 1865, 34,000.

BIRMINGHAM, Jan. 9.—The Editorial convention closed their labors to-day after memorializing the Legislature on the subject of increased rates on legal advertising &c.

The resolution aligning the Legislature power to prescribe tolls on railroads and other public works.

Special to the *St. Paul Pioneer*:

QUEDO, Jan. 10.—Mr. Pope, the inspector of the gold mines at Chaudiere reports a nugget found, valued at \$800.

OTTAWA, Jan. 9.—The Pontiac Mills were burned yesterday.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 9.—A wife of an extensive manufacturer eloped last night with a lover after securing \$10,000 worth of jewelry.

DESMOINES, Iowa, Jan. 10.—From the records of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, show that there are 348,498 persons in Iowa between the ages of 5 and 21; males, 180,197 females, 168,301; 595 schools with an increase in attendance over 1865, 34,000.

BIRMINGHAM, Jan. 9.—The Editorial convention closed their labors to-day after memorializing the Legislature on the subject of increased rates on legal advertising &c.

The resolution aligning the Legislature power to prescribe tolls on railroads and other public works.

Special to the *St. Paul Pioneer*:

QUEDO, Jan. 10.—Mr. Pope, the inspector of the gold mines at Chaudiere reports a nugget found, valued at \$800.

OTTAWA, Jan. 9.—The Pontiac Mills were burned yesterday.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 9.—A wife of an extensive manufacturer eloped last night with a lover after securing \$10,000 worth of jewelry.

DESMOINES, Iowa, Jan. 10.—From the records of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, show that there are 348,498 persons in Iowa between the ages of 5 and 21; males, 180,197 females, 168,301; 595 schools with an increase in attendance over 1865, 34,000.

BIRMINGHAM, Jan. 9.—The Editorial convention closed their labors to-day after memorializing the Legislature on the subject of increased rates on legal advertising &c.

The resolution aligning the Legislature power to prescribe tolls on railroads and other public works.

Special to the *St. Paul Pioneer*:

QUEDO, Jan. 10.—Mr. Pope, the inspector of the gold mines at Chaudiere reports a nugget found, valued at \$800.

OTTAWA, Jan. 9.—The Pontiac Mills were burned yesterday.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 9.—A wife of an extensive manufacturer eloped last night with a lover after securing \$10,000 worth of jewelry.

DESMOINES, Iowa, Jan. 10.—From the records of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, show that there are 348,498 persons in Iowa between the ages of 5 and 21; males, 180,197 females, 168,301; 595 schools with an increase in attendance over 1865, 34,000.

BIRMINGHAM, Jan. 9.—The Editorial convention closed their labors to-day after memorializing the Legislature on the subject of increased rates on legal advertising &c.

The resolution aligning the Legislature power to prescribe tolls on railroads and other public works.

Special to the *St. Paul Pioneer*:

QUEDO, Jan. 10.—Mr. Pope, the inspector of the gold mines at Chaudiere reports a nugget found, valued at \$800.

OTTAWA, Jan. 9.—The Pontiac Mills were burned yesterday.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 9.—A wife of an extensive manufacturer eloped last night with a lover after securing \$10,000 worth of jewelry.

DESMOINES, Iowa, Jan. 10.—From the records of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, show that there are 348,498 persons in Iowa between the ages of 5 and 21; males, 180,197 females, 168,301; 595 schools with an increase in attendance over 1865, 34,000.

BIRMINGHAM, Jan. 9.—The Editorial convention closed their labors to-day after memorializing the Legislature on the subject of increased rates on legal advertising &c.

The resolution aligning the Legislature power to prescribe tolls on railroads and other public works.

Special to the *St. Paul Pioneer*:

QUEDO, Jan. 10.—Mr. Pope, the inspector of the gold mines at Chaudiere reports a nugget found, valued at \$800.

OTTAWA, Jan. 9.—The Pontiac Mills were burned yesterday.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 9.—A wife of an extensive manufacturer eloped last night with a lover after securing \$10,000 worth of jewelry.

DESMOINES, Iowa, Jan. 10.—From the records of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, show that there are 348,498 persons in Iowa between the ages of 5 and 21; males, 180,197 females, 168,301; 595 schools with an increase in attendance over 1865, 34,000.

BIRMINGHAM, Jan. 9.—The Editorial convention closed their labors to-day after memorializing the Legislature on the subject of increased rates on legal advertising &c.

The resolution aligning the Legislature power to prescribe tolls on railroads and other public works.

Special to the *St. Paul Pioneer*:

QUEDO, Jan. 10.—Mr. Pope, the inspector of the gold mines at Chaudiere reports a nugget found, valued at \$800.

OTTAWA, Jan. 9.—The Pontiac Mills were burned yesterday.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 9.—A wife of an extensive manufacturer eloped last night with a lover after securing \$10,000 worth of jewelry.

DESMOINES, Iowa, Jan. 10.—From the records of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, show that there are 348,498 persons in Iowa between the ages of 5 and 21; males, 180,197 females, 168,301; 595 schools with an increase in attendance over 1865, 34,000.

BIRMINGHAM, Jan. 9.—The Editorial convention closed their labors to-day after memorializing the Legislature on the subject of increased rates on legal advertising &c.

The resolution aligning the Legislature power to prescribe tolls on railroads and other public works.

Special to the *St. Paul Pioneer*:

QUEDO, Jan. 10.—Mr. Pope, the inspector of the gold mines at Chaudiere reports a nugget found, valued at \$800.

OTTAWA, Jan. 9.—The Pontiac Mills were burned yesterday.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 9.—A wife of an extensive manufacturer eloped last night with a lover after securing \$10,000 worth of jewelry.

DESMOINES, Iowa, Jan. 10.—From the records of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, show that there are 348,498 persons in Iowa between the ages of 5 and 21; males, 180,197 females, 168,301; 595 schools with an increase in attendance over 1865, 34,000.

BIRMINGHAM, Jan. 9.—The Editorial convention closed their labors to-day after memorializing the Legislature on the subject of increased rates on legal advertising &c.

The resolution aligning the Legislature power to prescribe tolls on railroads and other public works.

Special to the *St. Paul Pioneer*:

QUEDO, Jan. 10.—Mr. Pope, the inspector of the gold mines at Chaudiere reports a nugget found, valued at \$800.

OTTAWA, Jan. 9.—The Pontiac Mills were burned yesterday.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 9.—A wife of an extensive manufacturer eloped last night with a lover after securing \$10,000 worth of jewelry.

DESMOINES, Iowa, Jan. 10.—From the records of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, show that there are 348,498 persons in Iowa between the ages of 5 and 21; males, 180,197 females, 168,301; 595 schools with an increase in attendance over 1865, 34,000.

BIRMINGHAM, Jan. 9.—The Editorial convention closed their labors to-day after memorializing the Legislature on the subject of increased rates on

## MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

The Philadelphia Press announces that Miss Anna Dickinson has so far recovered from her recent indisposition as to be able to take her place again on the rostrum.

The State debt of Pennsylvania is \$35,622,002. Governor Curtin, in his last message, expresses the opinion that it may be paid off in fifteen years, if economy is observed in expenditures, and the revenues of the State are carefully husbanded.

The failure of the Central City bank of Syracuse has created quite a panic in that city and vicinity. The Journal says the losses of the bank were about \$125,000, loaned to persons connected with it, who were interested in unsuccessful gun contracts, and about \$50,000 loaned to persons engaged in a Pennsylvania coal mining enterprise.

Major John Van Horn, an old and prominent citizen of Chicago, shot his wife in a store in that city, on Monday, and then attempted to shoot himself, but was seized and bound by the bystanders. He is a man of terrible temper, and for years has been in the habit of maltreating his wife and children. On the day of the tragedy, he was abusing one of his children, a daughter about fourteen years of age, when she fled to a neighboring store for protection; he followed her, but was prevented from inflicting any further violence upon her by the storekeeper. His wife entered the store a moment later, to protect her child, when her brutal husband turned upon her, and, placing a pistol at her head, fired, the ball passing in under the ear and out of the left cheek. Although terribly wounded, it is thought she may recover. Van Horn was about sixty-five years of age, and has held important city and county offices; he was also an officer in the late war.

Nine theaters were burned in 1865, which is nearly double the loss of 1868, that year standing second. The following is a list of theaters burned last year: Pike Opera House, Cincinnati; Academy of Music, New York; Metropolitan Theater, St. Louis; Academy of Music, Cincinnati; Louisville Theater; Broadway Varieties, Nashville; Phoenix Theater, Petersburg, Va.; Orleans Theater, New Orleans; New Bowery, New York.

The New York Post advocated the abolition of the income tax in toto. It argues that on persons whose incomes do not exceed \$2,000, a tax of five per cent. is an oppressive load; that the tax of ten per cent. upon large incomes is still more oppressive; and that in the cases of both small and large incomes, the fluctuations of business are so great that the man who makes an income often return lacks the means of paying the tax of five or ten per cent. before the day comes round when the tax is to be collected.

On Tuesday, 26th ult., the company owning and operating the land formerly owned by Cyrus Meridenhall, at the mouth of Rush Run, on the Ohio side of the Ohio River, a few miles above Wheeling, struck at the depth of two hundred and sixty-three feet, a ten foot vein of what is known as Steubenville or desphospherated coal. This coal vein is only three and a half to four feet thick at Steubenville, but increases in thickness as it descends the Ohio Valley. This discovery at Rush Run was made while boring for oil, and the same vein has been penetrated by oil drillers on both sides of the river in that vicinity at three hundred to four hundred feet.

The largest room in the world, under a single roof and unbroken by pillars or other obstructions, is at St. Petersburg, Russia. It is 650 feet in length, and 150 in breadth. By daylight it is used for military displays, and a battalion can conveniently maneuver in it. In the evening it is often converted into a vast ballroom, when it is warmed by sixteen vast stoves, and 20,000 wax tapers are required to light it properly. The roof of this great structure is a single arch of iron, the bars alone on which it rests weighing 1,500,000 pounds.

The Maine Legislature has elected the following State officers: Secretary of State, Ephriam Flint, of Dover; Attorney General, William P. Frye, of Lewiston; Adjutant General, J. L. Hodson, of Bangor; Land Agent, Isaac R. Clark, of Bangor. General Shepley came with five of a nomination for Attorney General. The following gentlemen were elected Executive Councillors: Marshal Pierce, of Sac; George W. Randall, of Brunswick; John S. Baker, of Bath; Joseph A. Sanborn, of Readfield; Everett W. Stetson, of Damariscotta; Hirsh Ruggles, of Carmel; Aaron P. Emerson, of Gorham.

Lieut. Madill, of the slate Confederate navy, who during the rebellion, commanded the privateer Florida and Alabama, arrived at New York on the 1st, in a steamer from Europe, and will, for the present, remain in that city.

FUNERAL services in memory of the late Capt. Hazlton and Wood, who were washed overboard from the yacht Fleetwing on the 19th of December last, were held on Sunday, at Paul's Methodist Episcopal church, Tottenville, Staten Island. The funeral sermon, which was listened to by a large assemblage, including several Masonic lodges, was delivered by Rev. Dr. Gondwan, of Richmond, N. Y., from 1 Samuel xx. 3—"There is but a step between me and death."

It is said that in one of the clubs of Paris, Madill, a Frenchman very rich, gambled for twelve hours on each of three successive nights. The first night he lost the sum of 150,000 francs; the following day he regained 20,000 francs; the night following he again lost these 20,000 francs and 250,000 more. Russia then gave in, and withdrew from the combat, with a net loss of 400,000 francs.

THE SPANISH.  
Stephens, Bishop of Cuba, Gleeson, Bishop of C. O. R. R.

From the New York Herald, Jan. 7.

At 5 o'clock last evening a convention of Fenian centres and delegations held at the Apollo rooms in New Street. Those present comprised the representatives of all the Fenian organizations in New York and Brooklyn. The object of the meeting was to ascertain in what part of the habitable globe James Stephens is at present located. Ireland being far outside the field of investigation, no positive information was at hand that he is anywhere else but there. Other points of business to be transacted were the present condition of Fenianism, and whether it is to be or not to be continued in Ireland, the election of another G. O. I. R. etc.

The first business of the meeting, after the沉默ing down of the turbulent crowd, was the reading of a letter from Col. Kelly, stating that he trusted the safety of the organization was not jeopardized by the treachery of the "moderates," leader, that himself was prepared to sacrifice his life to the cause, and to make a reformation in the association movement of the brotherhood. He proposed that the centre appoint a new director to fill his place, as certain serious difficulties of a financial kind might at any time call him away from here. He also urged the establishment of a new office, where he could see presented an account of the work done, and where he could receive a copy of the "Irish Citizen." The reading of this communication produced considerable discussion, and in a general request that the writer should present himself in *pro persona*.

In the meantime, awaiting the arrival of the Colonels, an innumerable number of speakers were offered upon the pulpit and treasury of the late O. O. I. R. Gen. Gleeson, in response to a call, presented himself, and read a speech of his own composition, and then addressed the audience.

The reading of this speech produced a general interest, and the audience, according to the editor, treated the subject of fighting in Ireland after the most frank fashion, at one time professing a mock readiness to go across to Ireland and get himself hanged, (*to order*), and, as the blood of the martyrs proved the seed of the church, he considered his summary execution a fitting punishment for his sins.

The audience, however, was divided into two parties, one favoring the "moderates," and another, fearing a weak in the ranks, ridiculed the idea of fighting in Ireland.

The reading of this communication produced considerable discussion, and in a general request that the writer should present himself in *pro persona*.

In the meantime, awaiting the arrival of the Colonels, an innumerable number of speakers were offered upon the pulpit and treasury of the late O. O. I. R. Gen. Gleeson, in response to a call, presented himself, and read a speech of his own composition, and then addressed the audience.

The reading of this speech produced a general interest, and the audience, according to the editor, treated the subject of fighting in Ireland after the most frank fashion, at one time professing a mock readiness to go across to Ireland and get himself hanged, (*to order*), and, as the blood of the martyrs proved the seed of the church, he considered his summary execution a fitting punishment for his sins.

The audience, however, was divided into two parties, one favoring the "moderates," and another, fearing a weak in the ranks, ridiculed the idea of fighting in Ireland.

The reading of this communication produced considerable discussion, and in a general request that the writer should present himself in *pro persona*.

In the meantime, awaiting the arrival of the Colonels, an innumerable number of speakers were offered upon the pulpit and treasury of the late O. O. I. R. Gen. Gleeson, in response to a call, presented himself, and read a speech of his own composition, and then addressed the audience.

The reading of this speech produced a general interest, and the audience, according to the editor, treated the subject of fighting in Ireland after the most frank fashion, at one time professing a mock readiness to go across to Ireland and get himself hanged, (*to order*), and, as the blood of the martyrs proved the seed of the church, he considered his summary execution a fitting punishment for his sins.

The audience, however, was divided into two parties, one favoring the "moderates," and another, fearing a weak in the ranks, ridiculed the idea of fighting in Ireland.

The reading of this communication produced considerable discussion, and in a general request that the writer should present himself in *pro persona*.

In the meantime, awaiting the arrival of the Colonels, an innumerable number of speakers were offered upon the pulpit and treasury of the late O. O. I. R. Gen. Gleeson, in response to a call, presented himself, and read a speech of his own composition, and then addressed the audience.

The reading of this speech produced a general interest, and the audience, according to the editor, treated the subject of fighting in Ireland after the most frank fashion, at one time professing a mock readiness to go across to Ireland and get himself hanged, (*to order*), and, as the blood of the martyrs proved the seed of the church, he considered his summary execution a fitting punishment for his sins.

The audience, however, was divided into two parties, one favoring the "moderates," and another, fearing a weak in the ranks, ridiculed the idea of fighting in Ireland.

The reading of this communication produced considerable discussion, and in a general request that the writer should present himself in *pro persona*.

In the meantime, awaiting the arrival of the Colonels, an innumerable number of speakers were offered upon the pulpit and treasury of the late O. O. I. R. Gen. Gleeson, in response to a call, presented himself, and read a speech of his own composition, and then addressed the audience.

The reading of this speech produced a general interest, and the audience, according to the editor, treated the subject of fighting in Ireland after the most frank fashion, at one time professing a mock readiness to go across to Ireland and get himself hanged, (*to order*), and, as the blood of the martyrs proved the seed of the church, he considered his summary execution a fitting punishment for his sins.

The audience, however, was divided into two parties, one favoring the "moderates," and another, fearing a weak in the ranks, ridiculed the idea of fighting in Ireland.

The reading of this communication produced considerable discussion, and in a general request that the writer should present himself in *pro persona*.

In the meantime, awaiting the arrival of the Colonels, an innumerable number of speakers were offered upon the pulpit and treasury of the late O. O. I. R. Gen. Gleeson, in response to a call, presented himself, and read a speech of his own composition, and then addressed the audience.

The reading of this speech produced a general interest, and the audience, according to the editor, treated the subject of fighting in Ireland after the most frank fashion, at one time professing a mock readiness to go across to Ireland and get himself hanged, (*to order*), and, as the blood of the martyrs proved the seed of the church, he considered his summary execution a fitting punishment for his sins.

The audience, however, was divided into two parties, one favoring the "moderates," and another, fearing a weak in the ranks, ridiculed the idea of fighting in Ireland.

The reading of this communication produced considerable discussion, and in a general request that the writer should present himself in *pro persona*.

In the meantime, awaiting the arrival of the Colonels, an innumerable number of speakers were offered upon the pulpit and treasury of the late O. O. I. R. Gen. Gleeson, in response to a call, presented himself, and read a speech of his own composition, and then addressed the audience.

The reading of this speech produced a general interest, and the audience, according to the editor, treated the subject of fighting in Ireland after the most frank fashion, at one time professing a mock readiness to go across to Ireland and get himself hanged, (*to order*), and, as the blood of the martyrs proved the seed of the church, he considered his summary execution a fitting punishment for his sins.

The audience, however, was divided into two parties, one favoring the "moderates," and another, fearing a weak in the ranks, ridiculed the idea of fighting in Ireland.

The reading of this communication produced considerable discussion, and in a general request that the writer should present himself in *pro persona*.

In the meantime, awaiting the arrival of the Colonels, an innumerable number of speakers were offered upon the pulpit and treasury of the late O. O. I. R. Gen. Gleeson, in response to a call, presented himself, and read a speech of his own composition, and then addressed the audience.

The reading of this speech produced a general interest, and the audience, according to the editor, treated the subject of fighting in Ireland after the most frank fashion, at one time professing a mock readiness to go across to Ireland and get himself hanged, (*to order*), and, as the blood of the martyrs proved the seed of the church, he considered his summary execution a fitting punishment for his sins.

The audience, however, was divided into two parties, one favoring the "moderates," and another, fearing a weak in the ranks, ridiculed the idea of fighting in Ireland.

The reading of this communication produced considerable discussion, and in a general request that the writer should present himself in *pro persona*.

In the meantime, awaiting the arrival of the Colonels, an innumerable number of speakers were offered upon the pulpit and treasury of the late O. O. I. R. Gen. Gleeson, in response to a call, presented himself, and read a speech of his own composition, and then addressed the audience.

The reading of this speech produced a general interest, and the audience, according to the editor, treated the subject of fighting in Ireland after the most frank fashion, at one time professing a mock readiness to go across to Ireland and get himself hanged, (*to order*), and, as the blood of the martyrs proved the seed of the church, he considered his summary execution a fitting punishment for his sins.

The audience, however, was divided into two parties, one favoring the "moderates," and another, fearing a weak in the ranks, ridiculed the idea of fighting in Ireland.

The reading of this communication produced considerable discussion, and in a general request that the writer should present himself in *pro persona*.

In the meantime, awaiting the arrival of the Colonels, an innumerable number of speakers were offered upon the pulpit and treasury of the late O. O. I. R. Gen. Gleeson, in response to a call, presented himself, and read a speech of his own composition, and then addressed the audience.

The reading of this speech produced a general interest, and the audience, according to the editor, treated the subject of fighting in Ireland after the most frank fashion, at one time professing a mock readiness to go across to Ireland and get himself hanged, (*to order*), and, as the blood of the martyrs proved the seed of the church, he considered his summary execution a fitting punishment for his sins.

The audience, however, was divided into two parties, one favoring the "moderates," and another, fearing a weak in the ranks, ridiculed the idea of fighting in Ireland.

The reading of this communication produced considerable discussion, and in a general request that the writer should present himself in *pro persona*.

In the meantime, awaiting the arrival of the Colonels, an innumerable number of speakers were offered upon the pulpit and treasury of the late O. O. I. R. Gen. Gleeson, in response to a call, presented himself, and read a speech of his own composition, and then addressed the audience.

The reading of this speech produced a general interest, and the audience, according to the editor, treated the subject of fighting in Ireland after the most frank fashion, at one time professing a mock readiness to go across to Ireland and get himself hanged, (*to order*), and, as the blood of the martyrs proved the seed of the church, he considered his summary execution a fitting punishment for his sins.

The audience, however, was divided into two parties, one favoring the "moderates," and another, fearing a weak in the ranks, ridiculed the idea of fighting in Ireland.

The reading of this communication produced considerable discussion, and in a general request that the writer should present himself in *pro persona*.

In the meantime, awaiting the arrival of the Colonels, an innumerable number of speakers were offered upon the pulpit and treasury of the late O. O. I. R. Gen. Gleeson, in response to a call, presented himself, and read a speech of his own composition, and then addressed the audience.

The reading of this speech produced a general interest, and the audience, according to the editor, treated the subject of fighting in Ireland after the most frank fashion, at one time professing a mock readiness to go across to Ireland and get himself hanged, (*to order*), and, as the blood of the martyrs proved the seed of the church, he considered his summary execution a fitting punishment for his sins.

The audience, however, was divided into two parties, one favoring the "moderates," and another, fearing a weak in the ranks, ridiculed the idea of fighting in Ireland.

The reading of this communication produced considerable discussion, and in a general request that the writer should present himself in *pro persona*.

In the meantime, awaiting the arrival of the Colonels, an innumerable number of speakers were offered upon the pulpit and treasury of the late O. O. I. R. Gen. Gleeson, in response to a call, presented himself, and read a speech of his own composition, and then addressed the audience.

The reading of this speech produced a general interest, and the audience, according to the editor, treated the subject of fighting in Ireland after the most frank fashion, at one time professing a mock readiness to go across to Ireland and get himself hanged, (*to order*), and, as the blood of the martyrs proved the seed of the church, he considered his summary execution a fitting punishment for his sins.

The audience, however, was divided into two parties, one favoring the "moderates," and another, fearing a weak in the ranks, ridiculed the idea of fighting in Ireland.

The reading of this communication produced considerable discussion, and in a general request that the writer should present himself in *pro persona*.

In the meantime, awaiting the arrival of the Colonels, an innumerable number of speakers were offered upon the pulpit and treasury of the late O. O. I. R. Gen. Gleeson, in response to a call, presented himself, and read a speech of his own composition, and then addressed the audience.

The reading of this speech produced a general interest, and the audience, according to the editor, treated the subject of fighting in Ireland after the most frank fashion, at one time professing a mock readiness to go across to Ireland and get himself hanged, (*to order*), and, as the blood of the martyrs proved the seed of the church, he considered his summary execution a fitting punishment for his sins.

The audience, however, was divided into two parties, one favoring the "moderates," and another, fearing a weak in the ranks, ridiculed the idea of fighting in Ireland.

The reading of this communication produced considerable discussion, and in a general request that the writer should present himself in *pro persona*.

In the meantime, awaiting the arrival of the Colonels, an innumerable number of speakers were offered upon the pulpit and treasury of the late O. O. I. R. Gen. Gleeson, in response to a call, presented himself, and read a speech of his own composition, and then addressed the audience.

The reading of this speech produced a general interest, and the audience, according to the editor, treated the subject of fighting in Ireland after the most frank fashion, at one time professing a mock readiness to go across to Ireland and get himself hanged, (*to order*), and, as the blood of the martyrs proved the seed of the church, he considered his summary execution a fitting punishment for his sins.

The audience, however, was divided into two parties, one favoring the "moderates," and another, fearing a weak in the ranks, ridiculed the idea of fighting in Ireland.

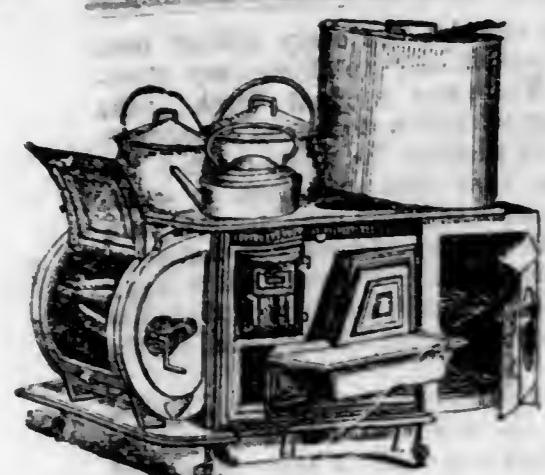
The reading of this communication produced considerable discussion, and in a general request that the writer should present himself in *pro persona*.

In the meantime, awaiting the arrival of the Colonels, an innumerable number of speakers were offered upon the pulpit and treasury of the late O. O. I. R. Gen. Gleeson, in response to a call, presented himself, and read a speech of his own composition, and then addressed the audience.

The reading of this speech produced a general interest, and the audience, according to the editor, treated the subject of fighting in Ireland after the most frank fashion, at one time professing a mock readiness to go across to Ireland and get himself hanged, (*to order*), and, as the blood of the martyrs proved the seed of the church, he considered his summary execution a fitting punishment for his sins.

The audience, however, was divided into two parties, one

## FOUND!



**GREAT EXCITEMENT.**

A

majority of those who read newspapers never even think of a business advertisement, and if a

**MAN**

actually has the best, the cheapest goods in all creation—actually selling them at Break-down prices—too few heed the fact for their own interest; and therefore I have

**FOUND**

it best to simply invite everybody to call and examine my extensive stock of STOVES AND HOUSE-KEEPING ARTICLES,

before buying one dollar's worth elsewhere, for I can and will make it to the interest of all those who are not positively

**DEAD**

to their own interests, and who wish to save money, to buy everything

**IN**

the line of Cook, Parlor and Office Stoves, Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron ware, House-keeping Goods, Toys, Boys' Sleighs, TIN OR PLASTIC ROOFING, Plumbing, repairing Lumbermen's Outfits, &c., to call on

W. M. CAPRON,

In Mowers' Building, Chestnut st., in

**STILLWATER.**

No. 21, 1866—n11.

**A. B. EASTON,**  
NOTARY PUBLIC.

At the Messenger Office, Stillwater.

**HOLLIS R. MURDOCK,**  
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW  
and General Agent, Stillwater, Minnesota,  
Stillwater, April 30, 1861.

**GREAT FALL**  
—IN—

**PRICES.**

HEAVY SHEETINGS, 25 Cents.

BEST CALICOES, 20 Cents.

BEST DELAINES, 28 Cents.

BEST DOUBLE FACED FRENCH MERINO, only \$1.50.

AND EVERY THING ELSE IN PROPORTION.

—AT—

**WEBSTER,**  
SCHOOMAKER  
& VALENTINE'S.

Dec. 5, 1866.

**H**OWARD'S NEW SPORTING RIFLE AND SHOT GUN.  
(AGENT'S CERTIFICATE.)

This certifies that we have this day appointed Mr. A. VAN VORHES our only authorized Agent for the sale of the HOWARD'S SPORTING RIFLE AND SHOT GUN,  
with full power to appoint Sub-Agents.

JAMES T. ALLEY & CO.  
St. Paul, Minn., June 20, 1866.

**C ASTLE & CAMERON,**  
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,  
STILLWATER — MINNESOTA.

Collections made and the business of a general agency promptly attended to.

OFFICE IN HOLCOMBE'S BLOCK.

**T RAYED.**

**T WO COLTS.**

one a BROWN MARE, without white, three years old, good size, long legs, slim body, dark neck, prominent hips, very fine limbs, small black hoofs.

The other a ROAN MARE, two years old, dark white, white face, light colored mane and tail, short legs and stout build.

Any information thereof will be faithfully given if sent to me, care of John S. Prince, 101½ Main Street, or Wm. Altenberg, Cottage Grove—or if the animal is sold, the owner, a suitable reward will be paid.

G. A. B. SHAWE,  
Saint Paul, Minn., Nov. 30, 1866.—13-3w.

\$1,000 A YEAR made by any one  
in the City and Townships of 8 Banks inforse  
agents. Sent free with samples. Ad-  
dress the American Stampel Tool Works,  
Fitchburg, Vt., Vermont.—13-3w.

## THE SAWYER HOUSE!

## NEW GROCERY STORE.

THE PLACE FOR TRAVELERS!  
THE PLACE FOR BOARDERS!  
THE PLACE FOR FAMILIES!

THE PLACE FOR EXCURSIONISTS!

THE PLACE FOR PLEASURE-SEEKERS!

The Place for Everybody!

This is one of the most commodious Hotels in the North-West, and for years past has stood at the head of the list of first-class Houses. It has recently been refurnished throughout, with a view to the accommodation of the growing wants of Stillwater and the St. Croix Valley. The rooms are of unusually

**LARGE DIMENSIONS,**  
well ventilated, and elegantly furnished. All of the appointments have been arranged with a view to the comfort and convenience of guests.

**Stock of Groceries,**  
from the firm of Webster, Schoemaker & Valentine, at the CORNER OF MAIN AND MYRTLE STREETS,  
STILLWATER, MINN.,  
(Bronson's old stand),

Where I will keep constantly on hand a full and good assortment of

Coffee, Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Syrup,  
Cider Vinegar, best quality,  
No. 1 & 2 Mackeral,  
Codfish,

Butter, Cheese,  
Crackers, best quality,  
New Raisins, very superior,  
Yeast Powder, Soda, Corn-Starch,  
Tobacco, smoking and chewing, Starch, &c.

**ALSO CROCKERY WARE.**  
Wash-tubs, Wash-boards, Clothes-Baskets,  
Wooden Pails, Churns, and all other articles usually kept in a

First - Class Grocery Store.

Our friends and the public generally are invited to call and examine my stock of Groceries, which will sell at cheap as cash as they can be purchased anywhere.

SAMUEL BLOOMER.

Stillwater, Dec. 10, 1866.—13-3m

TERMS, moderate—Rare, unexcelled by any other Hotel.

JOHN LOWELL, Proprietor.

ALBERT LOWELL, Superintendent.

Stillwater, June 20, 1866.

40

DOWN,  
DOWN,  
DOWN

THEY GO.

I am now selling

First Quality French Merinos \$1.25 to \$1.50.

French Cassimeres \$1.50 to \$2.00

Alpacas, all colors, 50 to 65 cents.

Casinets, \$1.00.

Standard Cottons, yard wide, 22 to 28 cents.

Delaines, 28 cents.

Carpeting, 2-ply, \$1.40.

Best Prints, 18 cents.

A. C. MONROE.

Stillwater, Nov. 6, 1866.—9-3m

S. T. PAUL.

Foundry & Machine Shop.

Third & Wacota streets, St. Paul, Minn.

**BRAINARD & CO.**

Are now prepared to do all kinds of Castings and Machin Work, also Copper, Sheet Iron, and Smith Work, a superior style and finish, and at low prices.

**SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO PUTTING UP HOT AIR FURNACES.**

The highest cash price paid for old iron and copper.

ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

H. J. BRAINARD, A. WILSON, W. H. WEBB.

D. R. J. C. RHODES,

Physician and Surgeon.

Murdock's Block,

In the room recently occupied W. M. McCluer

STILLWATER, MINN.

Having returned from the Medical and Surgical Department of the Army, has resumed practice in this city.

N. J. BRAINARD, A. WILSON, W. H. WEBB.

**A. C. LULL,**

REAL ESTATE AGENT AND NOTARY PUBLIC.

Also Agent for the Florence Sewing Machine.

OFFICE IN FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING, MAIN STREET.

Stillwater, June 6, 1866—4f

**A New Thing.**

AND A

**GOOD THING.**

Every one should have it.

SHYRRELL'S WASHING CRYSTAL.

It saves half the labor in washing, and saves your clothes by not having to rub them.

Warranted not to injure the finest fabric.

3 Packages for a quarter—1 Package does a washing!

Satisfaction guaranteed or money Refunded!

CARLIS & CO., Sole Agents.

Stillwater, Nov. 27, 1866—12-4w

**COMMISSIONERS' NOTICE.**

The undersigned, having been appointed by

the Probate Court in and for the county of

Washington, Minn., Commissioners to receive

examining and adjust all claims, and demands

against the estate of the late W. M. McCluer,

of Stillwater, Minn., deceased, will attend to the duties

of the office of the Estate of the said

John S. Proctor, Esq., Commissioner.

JOHN S. PROCTOR,

GEORGE DAVIS,

Commissioners.

M. S. WILLARD,

FURNITURE DEALER,

Main Street, Stillwater, Minnesota.

LEGACY Medium and Plain Household Furniture, Mattresses, Looking Glasses, &

BLANKETS.

Fish's Patent Metallic Burial Cases,

Caskets and Walnut Coffins.

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

State Library

# The Stillwater Messenger.

A. J. VAN VORHES,  
Editor and Proprietor.

"BE JUST AND FEAR NOT."

TERMS...\$2.00 A YEAR  
Invariably in Advance.

VOLUME 11.

STILLWATER, MINNESOTA, JANUARY 30, 1867.

NUMBER 21.

## STILLWATER MESSENGER

Wednesday, January 30, 1867.

### NORMAL SCHOOLS.

AN INTERESTING COMMUNICATION FROM OUR  
EDITOR HOLCOMBE.

STILLWATER, Jan. 29, 1867.

Editor Messenger:

DEAR SIR.—Your suggestion that I should prepare an article on the subject of the late visit of the Legislature to the city of Winona to witness the examination of the State Normal School, I cheerfully comply with, having been requested myself to accompany the same.

I understand the object of that visit to have been:

First.—To witness a practical exhibition of the most modern improvements in the method of teaching to be introduced in the common or public schools of the State, so that proper and intelligent legislation might be had on the subject.

Second.—To view the site and the preparation made to erect a suitable building for the First State Normal School, and also to witness the very limited and cramped departments now furnished by the city of Winona for the use of the State—her former legislature having entirely failed as yet, to furnish the necessary buildings. A more wise resolution to visit and one in which the people of the State at large are more deeply interested will not pass the Legislature this session, for the benefit is intended to accrue to the entire State, where there are children to be educated in public schools.

It was intimated by some present that the grand banquet given by the city of Winona was intended as an appeal to the Legislature to be unduly generous in appropriating money to be expended there for her benefit. But I understand it to be on the part of Winona as a generous hospitality to extend the invitation, and on the part of the Legislature an act of justice toward their constituents to visit Winona, whose citizens also were a part of the constituency—for every Senatorial district has the right to send three pupils to the Normal school—a privilege but little appreciated. So much for the invitation and so much for the visit. As to the subject of public schools, allow me to quote Sec. 3 of the fundamental law of our State:

"The Legislature shall make such provisions by taxation or otherwise, as with the income arising from the school land, will secure a thorough, efficient system of public schools in each township in the State."

I submit the question, then, whether the Legislature have carried out this plain provision of the fundamental law of the State—and whether the solemnity of the oath they are under thus to do, they can any longer delay to make the necessary appropriation, and in the shortest possible time complete the building, the foundation of which has just been laid. For with the light they now have they can not conclude that there is any thorough and efficient system, for it is an admitted fact among educators that thorough and efficient teachers cannot be had generally without a training school for that purpose. It is the substratum underlying the entire system. I do not mean to say that there are no thorough and efficient teachers who have not had a Normal school education. There are some who, after many years of experience have become good teachers; but even they will hardly admit they are perfect, or up to the times in modern improvements.

It is not enough that we have good school laws in districts the State, in levying taxes, in building school-houses, procuring uniform school-books, and the supervision by trustees, &c. &c.; and even to have an Independent State Bureau of Public Instruction with an accomplished State Superintendent. These are all necessary, and yet without thorough and efficient teachers we will not have a thorough and efficient schools.

We are justified too in Minnesota in taking higher ground on the subject of public schools than any other new State of our age, because of our magnificent endowment in public lands, being double that of any other

## THE CATAMOUNT!

The Excitement Unabated!

Former Statements Corroborated

Editor Stillwater Messenger.

The account published in your last issue in reference to a remarkable animal lately discovered on the Nimecoggan (which some were inclined to consider a hoax) proves to be the opening chapter of what may terminate in the most exciting hunt that has ever been prosecuted in the Northwest. Mr. John Schroder, who has been engaged cutting cedar near the mouth of the Tetonic river, has just arrived and reports the following facts:

On Thursday last himself, John Stoughton and Alex. Martin, from Osecola, were at work hauling cedar with a pair of oxen. They had just started for the landing with a load, when suddenly a most unearthly yell was heard, which so terrified them that Stoughton and Martin lost all presence of mind, and threw themselves on their faces in the snow. Schroder, who was just ahead of the oxen, immediately started with all the speed he was master of from the spot. Scream after scream filled the air, and it was not until the fugitive had reached a hill at some little distance from the spot, that he had the courage to look to see the fate of his companions, and was horrified at beholding them in the clutches of an immense animal, which from his description, must be the same as that mentioned by Mr. Patten. He would seize one of the prostrate forms in his teeth, throw him at least twenty feet in the air, pounce upon the other and hurl him in the same manner—acting in every respect as would a cat after having caught a mouse. As may be supposed, Mr. Schroder did not stop long in such dangerous proximity, but hastened on to Staples' camp and gave the alarm, and besought the crew to go with him back and attempt the rescue of his friends. Mr. Simpson, who was in charge of the camp, however, refused to allow any of the men to leave, rightly considering that the poor fellows were far past any earthly aid, and that it was his duty rather to provide for the safety of those under his immediate charge. It was too late then to think of leaving that day, and measures were immediately adopted for the defense of the camp. The fire was extinguished, all the hands collected inside, the smoke-hole securely closed, and the men armed with their axes and such other weapons as were at hand, took their positions, and thus in darkness and silence the night slowly passed away.

At early dawn the whole party, consisting of twelve men, started for Mr. McKusick's camp, about ten miles distant, where they arrived at about 9 o'clock. There are thirteen men at McKusick's camp, and with this force, amounting to twenty-five men, it was thought best to make a stand at this point, and hold the ground until further assistance could be procured. A messenger was immediately dispatched to Stillwater, and before he left the men from Anderson's camp had come in reporting that the animal had attacked their camp during the night and carried off one of the oxen bodily. Schroder came down as soon as possible, arriving in town on Sunday morning.

It is evident that the whole country in the lumber region is highly excited. Work has been suspended in all the camps, and the men are herding together for safety, and unless something is done immediately to lay this excitement and protect the lumbermen, the log crop of 1867 will prove a failure. Mr. Staples, on behalf of his firm who are heavily interested in the lumbering business, has already offered a reward of \$250 for the capture of this terrible monster. The preliminary steps are already taken for the organization of a company under the leadership of Capt. Black and Martin Mower, Esq., both experienced woodmen, for the destruction of this terrible pest.

We shall watch their movements with interest, and will keep you posted. III.

Mercury yesterday, 26° below zero.

## LOCAL NEWS.

RELIGIOUS.—Preaching at the M. E. Church every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, and prayer meeting at 7.00 p.m. Also Sabbath School at 9 a.m.—Rev. John Stanford, Pastor.

Editor Stillwater Messenger.

We surrender to correspondents today a large portion of the space otherwise designed for local matters, more to the gratification, perhaps, of our readers.

DRED.—Michael Crowley, whose injury by being crushed between rolling logs in the pineries noted in our last, died last Saturday after a week of intense suffering.

ANOTHER.—Mr. Lemuel Bolles, of Aston, one of our earliest citizens, died suddenly this morning in the Sawyer House. He was one of the landmarks of our early history.

SICKNESS.—Our physicians say that there is more sickness in this place and vicinity at this time than ever before known. The prevailing disease—which has assumed an epidemic type—is lung fever.

READ IT!—As hundreds of our readers just now have a pecuniary interest in Bacon's Block, and divers other valuable things representing filth, we publish elsewhere an instructive article from the La Crosse Democrat, showing the modus operandi of lottery drawings by Stanley. The article will be read with interest by many.

RESTAURANT.—John Morgan's Restaurant is becoming a popular resort for eating purposes. Morgan is doing about as much business in his line as any hotel in the city. See his card in another column.

RELIGIOUS MEETINGS.—The week of prayer—the first week of January—was observed by most of the religious denominations of this city, in common with the entire civilized world. These meetings were attended with so much interest in the First Presbyterian (Myrtle Street) church, that they have been continued nightly up to the present time, and will be continued throughout the present week—making four successive weeks of nightly devotional exercises. We learn from our exchanges that throughout the State and the country this season of special effort has been attended with unusual interest in most of the evangelical churches.

## How Prizes in Gift Enterprises are Drawn.

From the La Crosse Democrat.

It will be of interest to many readers to learn how prizes are distributed in Gift Concerts, and as we have never seen a chapter on such a matter we devote a few paragraphs thereto now. To illustrate—Mr. Stanley of this city, one of our best-endorsed and most reliable businessmen, who has postponed his scheme from the Holidays till February when it will come off positively, selects certain articles of value on which to base his plan. These articles are marked and set apart as prizes. In this instance we believe there about four thousand articles to be given away. These articles are bought at wholesale and put in at usual retail rates. The aggregate amount is covered by tickets, dollar for dollar, the profit being only the profit usually made on goods. Each person who chooses buys one ticket or more. This ticket is duly numbered and registered to prevent fraud. If Mr. Jones buys ticket 1444, or other numbers, his name is put down in a book opposite the number of the ticket he bought. This is to prevent fraud. But one ticket of a number is issued. When the tickets are sold, the concern comes off. If all the tickets are not sold these unsold are held by the proprietor of the scheme, who takes his place as a ticket holder and stands the chance of drawing prizes as other ticket holders do.

On the occasion of Mr. Stanley's last drawing, the Hall was densely crowded. The audience elected three gentlemen to act for them, when Mr. Stanley's position changed from proprietor to spectator. The goods were ready for delivery. They had two tin boxes, shaped like a half bushel, with a cover on, suspended on pivots, to turn like a grindstone by a crank. In one of these boxes were placed small cards an inch square, on which was written the name of a prize. For every prize offered there was a card.

One card called for a piano—one for a sewing machine—one for a certain kind of watch—one for a knife—one for a pistol, and so on till there were as many cards as prizes, and no more. These cards were put in the tin revolving box through a little trap door, six inches square, duly fastened by a hasp. Then in the other box were put as many little cards, half an inch square, on which were written the numbers from 1 to the highest number of tickets in the scheme. Each ticket sold or in the hands of the proprietor had its mate or duplicate number in the little cards, and two little cards numbered alike. These were put in the other revolving box—the lid fastened down by a hasp, and the tickets were ready for drawing. Two little girls were then chosen from the crowd of spectators who went upon the stage. Four Secretaries were chosen by the audience to keep account of the result.

At last, after careful examination, the committee announced that they had carefully examined the prizes and found them exactly as advertised, that the numbers on the cards were exactly corresponding with the numbers on the tickets, and that the drawing would commence.

The boxes were turned and turned till the contents were thoroughly "mixed." The committee sat at a table. The lid of one box is opened by one of the little girls puts her hand and draws out one of the cards, and but one. While she is doing this, the gentleman at the other box, at the other end of the table has opened his box, the little girl there has inserted her arm therein and draws out the one card from these. These are handed to the committee and the chairman announces:

"Ticket 555" (or whatever number it is as the man reads it as laid by the little girl before him). He then reads from the card drawn by the one of the little girls puts her hand and draws out one of the cards, and but one. While she is doing this, the gentleman at the other box, at the other end of the table has opened his box, the little girl there has inserted her arm therein and draws out the one card from these. These are handed to the committee and the chairman announces:

"Ticket 555—one gold watch." And so on again.

"Ticket 666—one grand Piano."

And so on again.

"Ticket 777—one silver thimble."

And as the drawing is repeated he again calls out.

"Ticket 888—a house and lot."

"Ticket 999—a fruit knife!"—of course giving the numbers and prizes also laid before him, as before the entire committee, the name of the prize that card calls for as in that box or wheel all cards call for a prize—and the announcement is thus—

"Ticket 555—one gold watch."

And so on again.

"Ticket 666—one grand Piano."

And so on again.

"Ticket 777—one silver thimble."

And as the drawing is repeated he again calls out.

"Ticket 888—a house and lot."

"Ticket 999—a fruit knife!"—of course giving the numbers and prizes also laid before him, as before the entire committee, the name of the prize that card calls for as in that box or wheel all cards call for a prize—and the announcement is thus—

"Ticket 555—one gold watch."

And so on again.

"Ticket 666—one grand Piano."

And so on again.

"Ticket 777—one silver thimble."

And as the drawing is repeated he again calls out.

"Ticket 888—a house and lot."

"Ticket 999—a fruit knife!"—of course giving the numbers and prizes also laid before him, as before the entire committee, the name of the prize that card calls for as in that box or wheel all cards call for a prize—and the announcement is thus—

"Ticket 555—one gold watch."

And so on again.

"Ticket 666—one grand Piano."

And so on again.

"Ticket 777—one silver thimble."

And as the drawing is repeated he again calls out.

"Ticket 888—a house and lot."

"Ticket 999—a fruit knife!"—of course giving the numbers and prizes also laid before him, as before the entire committee, the name of the prize that card calls for as in that box or wheel all cards call for a prize—and the announcement is thus—

"Ticket 555—one gold watch."

And so on again.

"Ticket 666—one grand Piano."

And so on again.

"Ticket 777—one silver thimble."

And as the drawing is repeated he again calls out.

"Ticket 888—a house and lot."

"Ticket 999—a fruit knife!"—of course giving the numbers and prizes also laid before him, as before the entire committee, the name of the prize that card calls for as in that box or wheel all cards call for a prize—and the announcement is thus—

"Ticket 555—one gold watch."

And so on again.

"Ticket 666—one grand Piano."

And so on again.

"Ticket 777—one silver thimble."

And as the drawing is repeated he again calls out.

"Ticket 888—a house and lot."

"Ticket 999—a fruit knife!"—of course giving the numbers and prizes also laid before him, as before the entire committee, the name of the prize that card calls for as in that box or wheel all cards call for a prize—and the announcement is thus—

"Ticket 555—one gold watch."

And so on again.

"Ticket 666—one grand Piano."

And so on again.

"Ticket 777—one silver thimble."

And as the drawing is repeated he again calls out.

"Ticket 888—a house and lot."

"Ticket 999—a fruit knife!"—of course giving the numbers and prizes also laid before him, as before the entire committee, the name of the prize that card calls for as in that box or wheel all cards call for a prize—and the announcement is thus—

"Ticket 555—one gold watch."

And so on again.

"Ticket 666—one grand Piano."

And so on again.

"Ticket 777—one silver thimble."

And as the drawing is repeated he again calls out.

"Ticket 888—a house and lot."

"Ticket 999—a fruit knife!"—of course giving the numbers and prizes also laid before him, as before the entire committee, the name of the prize that card calls for as in that box or wheel all cards call for a prize—and the announcement is thus—

"Ticket 555—one gold watch."

And so on again.

"Ticket 666—one grand Piano."

And so on again.

"Ticket 777—one silver thimble

## Telegraphic News Items

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—A prominent Republican member of the House, recently writing to a friend says, touching impeachment business, my opinion is and has been, it will amount to nothing. All reports that the Committee on Judiciary has been taking testimony bearing hard on the President are false. Not a single witness has been examined. The Committee are proceeding with great caution.

ATRON, Ill., Jan. 22.—A fire last night consumed Shife's tobacco factory; loss, \$25,000.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 22.—John Card, a citizen of Lamont, shot his wife dead last night in a fit of jealousy.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 22.—Three buildings on Josephine street were burned, loss, \$12,000.

A number of members of the Legislature have arrived. They talk of the impeachment of Gov. Wells, but it is generally believed that nothing of the kind will be attempted.

DANVILLE, Jan. 22.—Several thousand opera house tickets held here all drew blanks.

A fire at Lowell on Sunday destroyed Chas. Hives' and Elwin Thompson's stores. Loss, \$10,000. A fire at East Saginaw on Monday burned the store of Deering & Son. Loss \$15,000.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 22.—The *Evening Dispatch* publishes a report that Governor Fletcher had brought suit against the Missouri Republican for libel. Damaged \$10,000. The suit is based upon the publication of an open letter from Gen. R. O. Vaughan to Governor Fletcher in regard to Lafayette Central Railroad sales, &c., together with editorial comments thereon.

CALIFORNIA, Jan. 22.—Trains arrive and depart on time. There is no ice coming out of the Mississippi River, owing to a gage above, but in the Ohio it is heavier than it has been any time during the season. Notwithstanding, port arrivals from Louisville, Nashville and New Orleans are made. Connections are made with regularity from this point South, all reports to the contrary notwithstanding.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 22.—A laborer named Geo. Geddes, at the Commercial Hospital, was crushed to death by the falling of a pile of coal.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 23.—Gov. Morton's reception last night was a brilliant affair. He will resign the Governorship in a day or two to take his seat in the United States Senate.

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 23.—The U.S. Conference of Wisconsin and Minnesota is in session here. It was addressed by Rev. H. W. Bellows, of New York, last night, and Rev. Mr. Colyer, of Chicago, this evening.

MANCHESTER, N. H., Jan. 23.—The Democratic Convention of this district nominated E. W. Harrington for Congress.

The New Hampshire agricultural census has been sold to L. G. Lewis of Ohio, for \$80,000.

TORONTO, Jan. 23.—A large package of clothing arrived here a few days ago for the Fenian prisoners. The person to whom it was addressed refused to pay the duty, and it was held by the customs officer until Mr. Thurston, the American Consul paid the charges and sent the clothing to the prisoners.

TORONTO, Jan. 23.—Michael Portill, Fenian, has been sentenced to be hung. Owen Kennedy has been found guilty with recommendation to mercy. Sentence deferred.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 23.—The Republican convention meets to-morrow, and is likely to be fully attended, the renomination of Gov. Hawley is likely. The resolution will doubtless affirm the policy of impartial intelligent suffrage and perhaps that of making eight hours a legal day work.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 23.—The steamers Constitution, Panama and Oriole arrived from Portland with \$73,000 in treasure arrived to-day. Dispatches say the Secretary of Idaho territory was compelled to seek protection of the United States Troops, from the violent members of the Legislature because he refused to pay per diem until further instructions from Washington.

ALBANY, Jan. 23.—Mrs. Elizabeth Cady Stanton and Susan B. Anthony, appeared before the judiciary committee of the House this afternoon to argue in favor of woman's rights, and universal suffrage.

DETROIT MANUFACTURERS.

DETROIT, Jan. 26.—The manufacturers of this city adopted a resolution asking for the repeal of the five per cent tax on manufacturers, and appointing a committee to initiate a combined movement of all the manufacturers throughout the country for the last 12 days. The jury was out 18 hours.

Major J. R. Brown passed here this forenoon with a delegation of Sioux warriors and chiefs en route to Washington to make a treaty and grant the right to make a wagon road to Fort Benton and Montana.

TOPKA, Kan., Jan. 23.—Hon. S. A. Pomeroy was re-elected United States Senator for the long term, and Maj. E. G. Ross was elected for the short term. A large crowd called on the Senators elect, speeches were made, salutes fired, and the result of the election was generally satisfactory.

LOUISVILLE, Jan. 23.—Franklin, Ky., Jan. 23.—Wm. P. King and Abe Owen,

train robbers, who subsequently killed Harvey King, one of the band, were sentenced to be hanged on the 22d of March.

The remaining ten persons, charged with robbing the train were granted continuance until June.

TOERO, Jan. 24.—The Fenian trials have been resumed. James King has been found not guilty. Thomas Galagher convicted, not sentenced.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 24.—A delegation of Indians from all the tribes in Kansas arrived this evening from Fort Leavenworth, accompanied by Col. Murphy, Superintendent of Indians, and the U. S. Commissioner. They will hold a council at the Sheridan House to-morrow, after which they will go to Washington.

A heavy snow storm commenced this afternoon and still continues.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Jan. 24.—A discredited rumour prevails that Governor Brantlett has pardoned Inwell, who was convicted of manslaughter.

NEW YORK, Jan. 25.—The Herald's British Honduras correspondent states that a body of Indians had invaded Mopanay District, and threatened to break up the works and make a raid on them. Trade was at a stand still and great excitement prevailed.

HAWLEY, Jan. 25.—The Republican State convention re-nominated Gov. Hawley by acclamation. Oliver H. Perry was nominated for Lieutenant Governor.

BROWNSVILLE, Texas, Jan. 20.—Queratia, where Mejia retreated to from San Luis Potosi, is to be evicted by him as soon as the Liberals advance upon that city. Escobedo left Monterrey for the interior on the 17th inst.

BOSTON, Jan. 24.—G. E. Wood, who has been operating extensively in confidence for a long time, was arrested yesterday for passing forged checks for \$300.

N. P. Willis was interred in Mt. Auburn today.

AUGUSTA, Me., Jan. 24.—The Wool Growers' Convention adjourned after passing resolutions in favor of tariff not less than proposed by the Cleveland Convention.

ANAPOLIS, Jan. 28.—The Maryland Legislature passed an act abolishing articles in the Code permitting the sale of negroes into slavery as punishment for crime.

There will hereafter be no distinction in the State in the mode of punishing white and black criminals.

The Senate adopted a report against suspending bounties to colored soldiers.

In the Maryland Legislature a bill to take from the Eastern shore was discussed in the Senate. It meets with strong opposition from the Eastern Shore members. Voted again to day for United States Senator; no choice.

MOSCOW, Jan. 25.—A destructive fire at St. Petersburg, Russia, on the night of the 23d inst. Eighteen business houses were consumed, including three warehouses belonging to Champlin & Sons, whose losses alone amount to \$45,000 or \$50,000 dollars.

TORONTO, Jan. 25.—Excitement about Fenian trials is over. A slim attendance on the courts. Wm. Orr acquitted, Barney Dunn guilty, sentence differed; Frederick Fry acquitted; John Hughes and John Diamond discharged, evidence not forthcoming.

A heavy snow storm commenced at noon and promises to be severest yet. ATLANTA, Ga., Jan. 25.—Half of the town of Lagrange, Georgia, including all business portion burned last night.

CHICAGO, Jan. 26.—The great snow storm on Thursday night is producing the best sleighing of the season.

A German named Reinbold Verschoore was robbed at 23rd Wall street, saloon and house of ill fame. The police hearing the cries caught the whole pack and arrested them in the act.

EVERYBODY seems perplexed as to what whereabouts of A. H. Lee, as such a person exists was in the city yesterday in such multiform presence that it occupied six different hotels at one and the same time, and it is not certain but that A. H. Lee is a myth.

Nell Bryant, of Boston, is said to be here and claims the lucky number, also a member of the Canadian Parliament.

All the books are much mixed up and illustrations of foul play are rife. Some reports say Lee came incog., sold the Open House to Crosby for \$300,000 and departed quietly to his home.

NASHVILLE.

NASHVILLE, Jan. 25.—Riley vs. Sherbrooke, involving the constitutionality of the Franchise Law is being argued in the Supreme Court here this afternoon to argue in favor of woman's rights, and universal suffrage.

DETROIT MANUFACTURERS.

DETROIT, Jan. 26.—The manufacturers of this city adopted a resolution asking for the repeal of the five per cent tax on manufacturers, and appointing a committee to initiate a combined movement of all the manufacturers throughout the country.

FIRE AT ROCKPORT.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 25.—The large flooring mill of Shaw & Root, at Rockport, Ill., burned Wednesday night. Loss \$65,000. Insured \$20,000 in the Underwriters agency; \$15,000 in Acton, N. Y.; \$5,000 each in the Metropolitan and Home, N. Y.

Snow storm at MILWAUKEE.

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 25.—The snow storm ceased last night and trains are running again on time. Weather cold.

DEMONS, Iowa, Jan. 25.—John Fore, a mechanic, committed suicide with strichlorine last night.

The bills to grant aid to the San Francisco

## THIRTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

### SECOND SESSION.

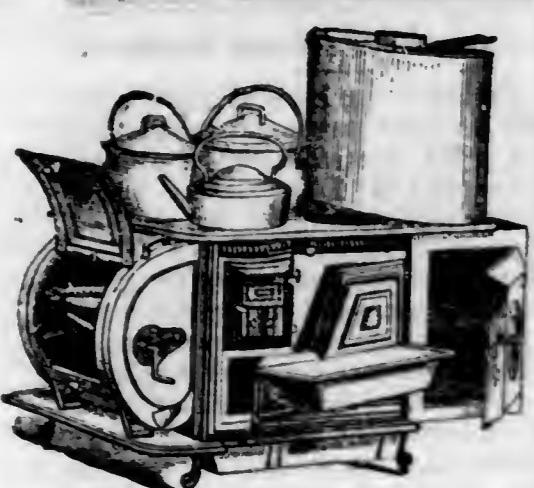
#### SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Mr. Norton introduced a bill amending to the Homestead Law providing in case of any person who has committed a felony or other offense against the public, who was a resident on any public lands under the presumption or upon which bona fide settlement has been made, that the sum of five years shall be required yet shall be estimated from May 20, 1862. Bill referred.

Mr. Fahey introduced a bill amending the postal laws which modifies the fee on postal money orders, vs. 10cts for an order not exceeding \$10, 15cts for an order for \$10 to \$20, 20cts for an order for \$20 to \$50, 25cts for an order for \$50 to \$100, 30cts for an order for \$100 to \$200, 35cts for an order for \$200 to \$500, 40cts for an order for \$500 to \$1,000, 45cts for an order for \$1,000 to \$2,000, 50cts for an order for \$2,000 to \$5,000, 55cts for an order for \$5,000 to \$10,000, 60cts for an order for \$10,000 to \$20,000, 65cts for an order for \$20,000 to \$50,000, 70cts for an order for \$50,000 to \$100,000, 75cts for an order for \$100,000 to \$200,000, 80cts for an order for \$200,000 to \$500,000, 85cts for an order for \$500,000 to \$1,000,000, 90cts for an order for \$1,000,000 to \$2,000,000, 95cts for an order for \$2,000,000 to \$5,000,000, 100cts for an order for \$5,000,000 to \$10,000,000, 105cts for an order for \$10,000,000 to \$20,000,000, 110cts for an order for \$20,000,000 to \$50,000,000, 115cts for an order for \$50,000,000 to \$100,000,000, 120cts for an order for \$100,000,000 to \$200,000,000, 125cts for an order for \$200,000,000 to \$500,000,000, 130cts for an order for \$500,000,000 to \$1,000,000, 135cts for an order for \$1,000,000 to \$2,000,000, 140cts for an order for \$2,000,000 to \$5,000,000, 145cts for an order for \$5,000,000 to \$10,000,000, 150cts for an order for \$10,000,000 to \$20,000,000, 155cts for an order for \$20,000,000 to \$50,000,000, 160cts for an order for \$50,000,000 to \$100,000,000, 165cts for an order for \$100,000,000 to \$200,000,000, 170cts for an order for \$200,000,000 to \$500,000,000, 175cts for an order for \$500,000,000 to \$1,000,000, 180cts for an order for \$1,000,000 to \$2,000,000, 185cts for an order for \$2,000,000 to \$5,000,000, 190cts for an order for \$5,000,000 to \$10,000,000, 195cts for an order for \$10,000,000 to \$20,000,000, 200cts for an order for \$20,000,000 to \$50,000,000, 205cts for an order for \$50,000,000 to \$100,000,000, 210cts for an order for \$100,000,000 to \$200,000,000, 215cts for an order for \$200,000,000 to \$500,000,000, 220cts for an order for \$500,000,000 to \$1,000,000, 225cts for an order for \$1,000,000 to \$2,000,000, 230cts for an order for \$2,000,000 to \$5,000,000, 235cts for an order for \$5,000,000 to \$10,000,000, 240cts for an order for \$10,000,000 to \$20,000,000, 245cts for an order for \$20,000,000 to \$50,000,000, 250cts for an order for \$50,000,000 to \$100,000,000, 255cts for an order for \$100,000,000 to \$200,000,000, 260cts for an order for \$200,000,000 to \$500,000,000, 265cts for an order for \$500,000,000 to \$1,000,000, 270cts for an order for \$1,000,000 to \$2,000,000, 275cts for an order for \$2,000,000 to \$5,000,000, 280cts for an order for \$5,000,000 to \$10,000,000, 285cts for an order for \$10,000,000 to \$20,000,000, 290cts for an order for \$20,000,000 to \$50,000,000, 295cts for an order for \$50,000,000 to \$100,000,000, 300cts for an order for \$100,000,000 to \$200,000,000, 305cts for an order for \$200,000,000 to \$500,000,000, 310cts for an order for \$500,000,000 to \$1,000,000, 315cts for an order for \$1,000,000 to \$2,000,000, 320cts for an order for \$2,000,000 to \$5,000,000, 325cts for an order for \$5,000,000 to \$10,000,000, 330cts for an order for \$10,000,000 to \$20,000,000, 335cts for an order for \$20,000,000 to \$50,000,000, 340cts for an order for \$50,000,000 to \$100,000,000, 345cts for an order for \$100,000,000 to \$200,000,000, 350cts for an order for \$200,000,000 to \$500,000,000, 355cts for an order for \$500,000,000 to \$1,000,000, 360cts for an order for \$1,000,000 to \$2,000,000, 365cts for an order for \$2,000,000 to \$5,000,000, 370cts for an order for \$5,000,000 to \$10,000,000, 375cts for an order for \$10,000,000 to \$20,000,000, 380cts for an order for \$20,000,000 to \$50,000,000, 385cts for an order for \$50,000,000 to \$100,000,000, 390cts for an order for \$100,000,000 to \$200,000,000, 395cts for an order for \$200,000,000 to \$500,000,000, 400cts for an order for \$500,000,000 to \$1,000,000, 405cts for an order for \$1,000,000 to \$2,000,000, 410cts for an order for \$2,000,000 to \$5,000,000, 415cts for an order for \$5,000,000 to \$10,000,000, 420cts for an order for \$10,000,000 to \$20,000,000, 425cts for an order for \$20,000,000 to \$50,000,000, 430cts for an order for \$50,000,000 to \$100,000,000, 435cts for an order for \$100,000,000 to \$200,000,000, 440cts for an order for \$200,000,000 to \$500,000,000, 445cts for an order for \$500,000,000 to \$1,000,000, 450cts for an order for \$1,000,000 to \$2,000,000, 455cts for an order for \$2,000,000 to \$5,000,000, 460cts for an order for \$5,000,000 to \$10,000,000, 465cts for an order for \$10,000,000 to \$20,000,000, 470cts for an order for \$20,000,000 to \$50,000,000, 475cts for an order for \$50,000,000 to \$100,000,000, 480cts for an order for \$100,000,000 to \$200,000,000, 485cts for an order for \$200,000,000 to \$500,000,000, 490cts for an order for \$500,000,000 to \$1,000,000, 495cts for an order for \$1,000,000 to \$2,000,000, 500cts for an order for \$2,000,000 to \$5,000,000, 505cts for an order for \$5,000,000 to \$10,000,000, 510cts for an order for \$10,000,000 to \$20,000,000, 515cts for an order for \$20,000,000 to \$50,000,000, 520cts for an order for \$50,000,000 to \$100,000,000, 525cts for an order for \$100,000,



# FOUND!



GREAT EXCITEMENT.

A

majority of those who read newspapers never even think of a business advertisement, and if so,

MAN

actually has the best, the cheapest goods in all creation—only selling them at break-down prices—do you heed the fact for their own interest; and therefore I have

# FOUND

It best to simply invite everybody to call and examine my extensive stock of STOVES AND HOUSE-KEEPING ARTICLES,

before buying one solar's worth elsewhere, for I can and will make it to the interest of all those who are not positively

# DEAD

to their own interests, and who wish to save money, to buy everything

IN

the line of Cook, Parlor and Office Stoves, Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron ware, Household Goods, Toys, Boys' Sleight TIN OR PLASTIC ROOFING, Plumbing, repairing Lumbermen's Outfits, &c., &c., to call on W. M. CAPRON,

In Mowers Building, Chestnut st., in

# STILLWATER.

Nov. 21, 1866—n11

**A. B. EASTON,**  
NOTARY PUBLIC.

At the Messenger Office, Stillwater.

**HOLLIS R. MURDOCK,**  
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW  
and General Agent, Stillwater, Minnesota  
Stillwater, April 30, 1861.  
n83.

# MORTGAGE SALE.

Default has been made in the condition of a certain mortgage executed by Truman M. Smith and Mary B. Smith, his wife, mortgagors to John W. M. Smith, his wife, bearing date on the twenty-third day of April A. D. 1856, and duly acknowledged by said mortgagors on the same day, which said mortgage contains the usual power of sale to the Register of Deeds of the county of Washington in the State of Minnesota, on the twenty-fourth day of April A. D. 1856, at four o'clock P. M. of that day, and was thereupon recorded in said office in book B' of mortgages, page 528, 524 and 525; and which said mortgage was sold for the payment of the sum of two thousand and two hundred dollars in two years from the date thereof, with interest thereon, payable annual, at the rate of six per cent, per annum, according to the condition of a certain promissory note executed by said Tr. M. Smith to the said John W. M. Smith, bearing date with said mortgage and therein referred to.

The amount to be paid is and is actually due upon said mortgage at the time of this notice, the sum of three thousand six hundred and seventy-six dollars and fifty cents (\$3,076.50) and no action or proceeding has been instituted at law to recover the debt remaining secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

The mortgaged premises are described as follows:—

All those tracts or parcels of land lying and being in said Washington county, Minnesota, described as follows:—The north-west quarter and the west half of the northeast quarter of section number thirty-one (31) in township number twenty-seven (27) north of range number twenty-one (21) west, containing two hundred and forty acres, more or less.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the said power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the said property, and the same will be vendue, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the office of the Register of Deeds in Stillwater, in said county of Washington, on Thursday, the

7TH DAY OF MARCH, 1867,

at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of that day. Dated Jan. 23, A. D. 1867.

JOHN W. MANTER, Mortgagor.

Bigelow & Clark Atty's for Mortgagee, St. Paul, Min.

**HOWARD'S NEW SPORTING RIFLE**

(AGENT'S CERTIFICATE.)

This certifies that we have this day appointed Mr. A. VAN VORHES our only authorized agent for the sale of the

"HOWARD'S SPORTING RIFLE AND SHOT GUN."

with full power to appoint Sub-Agents.

JAMES T. ALLEY & CO.

St. Paul, Min., June 20, 1866.

# CASLE & CAMERON,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law.

S. STILLWATER — MINNESOTA.

Collections made and the business of a general agency promptly attended to.

OFFICE IN HOLCOMBE'S BLOCK.

# THE SAWYER HOUSE!

THE PLACE FOR TRAVELERS!  
THE PLACE FOR BOARDERS!  
THE PLACE FOR EXCURSIONISTS!  
THE PLACE FOR PLEASURE-SEEKERS!

The Place for Everybody!

This is one of the most commodious Hotels in the North-West, and for years past has stood at the head of the list of first-class Houses. It has recently been re-furnished throughout, with a view to the accommodation of the growing wants of Stillwater and the Saint Croix Valley. The rooms are unusually

**LARGE DIMENSIONS,** well ventilated, and elegantly furnished. All of the appointments have been arranged with a view to the comfort and convenience of guests.

Within a few miles of the city, the finest fishing and hunting grounds of Minnesota can be found. Liveries, tables, for the reception of guests are abundant, while the steamboat and stage facilities—permeating every portion of the State daily—cannot be excelled by any other locality.

Terms moderate—Fare, unexcelled by any other Hotel.

JOHN LOWELL, Proprietor.

Stillwater, June 20, 1866. 40

**DOWN, DOWN, DOWN, DOWN!**

**DOWN,**

**DOWN,**

**DOWN**

**THEY GO.**

I am now selling

First Quality French Merinos \$1 25 to \$1 50.

French Cassimeres \$1 50 to \$2 00

Alpacas, all colors, 50 to 65 cents.

Casinets, \$1 00.

Standard Cottons, yard wide, 22 to 28 cents.

Delaines, 28 cents.

Carpeting, 2-ply, \$1 40.

Best Prints, 18 cents.

A. C. MONROE.

Stillwater, Nov. 6, 1866—9 3m

**BOOK-KEEPING,**

**PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL**

**PENMANSHIP.**

These braves will be taught, day and evening, in Messenger Office building, second floor, room. Young men who desire a thorough course in Book-keeping will find equal advantages with those offered in the Commercial Colleges of the country. Plain Writing taught on the Spencerian system. The school is now open, where further information may obtain.

LOUIS HOPES, J. E. Thompson, Charles Schellfer, Horace Thompson, O. R. Ellis.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

JOSEPH DANIELS.

S. T. PAUL

Foundry & Machine Shop.

Third & Wacota streets, St. Paul, Minn.

**BRAINARD & CO.**

Are now prepared to do all kinds of Castings and Mach Work, also Copper, Sheet Iron, and Smith Work, a superior style and finish, and at low prices.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO PUTTING UP HOT AIR FURNACES.

The highest cash price paid for old iron and copper.

ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

H. BRAINARD, A. WILSON, W. H. WEBB.

**D. R. J. C. RHODES,**

Physician and Surgeon.

Murdock's Block,

In the room recently occupied W. M. McCluer

STILLWATER, MINN.

Having returned from the Medical and Surgical Department of the Army, has resumed practice in this city.

n19

**CORNMAN & STICKNEY**

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW.

A. B. STICKNEY, Claim Agent.

Office in Bernheimer's Block.

Over Schlein's Clothing Store,

Stillwater, Minn.

Will pay particular attention to prosecuting Soldiers' Claims in the Department at Washington.

L. R. CORNMAN A. B. STICKNEY

**A New Thing.**

AND A

**GOOD THING.**

Every one should have it.

**SHYRRELL'S WASHING CRYSTAL.**

It saves half the labor in washing, and

washes your clothes by not having to rub them.

Warranted not to injure the finest fabric.

3 Packages for a quarter—1 Package does a washing!

Satisfaction guaranteed or money Refunded!

CARLI & CO., Sole Agents.

Stillwater, Nov. 27, 1866—12 4w

**RECONSTRUCTION!**

TAKE THIS METHOD OF

informing my old friends and customers and the public generally, that I have

**RE-OPENED,**

at the old stand, SAWYER HOUSE BUILD

ING—corner of Myrtle and Second streets,

Stillwater, where I propose to keep a FULL

and GOOD assortment of

**GROCERIES,**

CROCKERY WARE,

DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,

HATS AND CAPS,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

and all articles usually found in a general store in this country, which I will sell as cheap as the cheapest.

JOHN S. PROCTOR,

GEORGE DAVIS,

Commissioners.

FOR CASH.

Old Customers and all others are cordially invited to call and examine our stock.

Mr. JOTHAM LOWELL, so well known to all my old customers, will act as my agent for the present, which is a sufficient assurance that all come will be well treated.

WILLIAM TIBBETTS.

Fish's Patent Metallic Burial Cases,

Caskets and Walnut Coffins.

PIANKS!

Of all kinds for sale at this Office.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

# NEW GROCERY STORE.

I take this method of informing my friends and the public generally, that I have purchased the entire

Stock of Groceries,

from the firm of Webster, Seehomaker & Valentine, at the

CORNER OF MAIN AND MYRTLE STREETS,

STILLWATER, MINN.,

(Bronson's old stand.)

Where I will constantly have a full

and good assortment of

Coffee, Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Syrup,

Cider Vinegar, best quality,

New Raisins, very superior,

Yeast Powder, Soda, Corn-Starch,

Tobacco, smoking and chewing, Starch, &c.

ALSO CROCKERY WARE.

Wash-tubs, Wash-boards, Clothes-Baskets,

Wooden Pails, Churns, and all other

articles usually kept in a

First-Class Grocery Store.

# Down, Down, Down, Down!

## Immense Decline

## IN PRICES!

## At the Store of

## JOS. DAN